

Throngs Cheer, Guns Roar and Airplanes Loop The Loop as President Wilson Sails for France

GERMAN PRISONER SAFE

Lieut. Abraham Strauss is in France—Was Taken Prisoner in March

Lieut. Abraham Strauss of the United States Medical Corps, who was reported a prisoner of the Germans several months ago, has been released and is now in France and in good health, according to a cable received by his brother, Dr. Israel Strauss of New York city, and forwarded to another brother, Moses Strauss of this city, by telegraph.

The cable was dated Dec. 3. Lieut. Strauss had previously written home a number of interesting letters to his brother here concerning his experiences as a German prisoner. He said that as a result of Red Cross activities he was given 10 pounds of food a week, had a room in which to prepare it, was quartered in officers' barracks and received clothing, toilet articles, etc. However, were it not for the Red Cross he writes that the American prisoners would have starved.

Lieut. Strauss was wounded March 1 of this year and taken prisoner the following day. He is well known in Lowell, although he had recently been living in Cleveland.

REPORT CONG. GLASS TO SUCCEED M'ADOO

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Word went around unofficially on the house side of the capital today, that Representative Carter Glass of Virginia, chairman of the banking and currency committee, had been chosen by President Wilson to become secretary of the treasury.

Mr. Glass is understood to have been in conference at the White House last night just before the president started for the train.

Miskella's seven years' experience is valuable. Elect him, Joseph N. Dailey, 159 Chapel st.—adv.

AUTO FELL INTO RIVER

Portland Man Drowned—Seven Others Managed to Reach Shore

LINCOLNVILLE, Me., Dec. 4.—Harry Levinsky, aged 25, of Portland, a cable man, employed by the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co., was drowned today when a public automobile skidded and broke through the rail of the bridge over Duck Trap river, close to Penobscot Bay and the eight passengers were thrown into the river. All the others managed to reach shore.

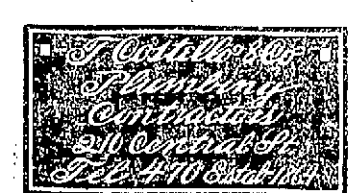
Miskella has experience and ability. Elect him, Joseph N. Dailey, 159 Chapel st.—adv.

GENERAL STRIKE OF CLERKS AVERTED

LAWRENCE, Dec. 4.—A threatened general strike of retail clerks was averted today by a compromise agreement between merchants and their employees as to working hours during the holiday season reached just before the time set for the strike to begin.

TELL OF THE COUNTRY'S FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—A statement on the country's financial outlook was given to the senate finance committee in closed session today by Secretary McAdoo and Assistant Secretary Lef- flingwell. In connection with the committee's revision of the war revenue bill now reauthorized to raise six billion dollars in 1919 and four billion dollars in 1920, members desired further assurance that the tax levies will be sufficient to meet the government's requirements for the next two years.



LOST BOTH HIS LEGS

Williston Peabody Was Struck by Engine in Western Avenue District

Convinced and alarmed by the noise and rush of the big engine on the Montreal River coming up unexpectedly behind him, and also by the warning blasts of the locomotive's whistle, Williston L. Peabody, 70 years old, for 40 years a truck driver in the Lowell fire department and who was retired honorably on pension 12 years ago, stepped across the tracks from the path where he was walking, directly in front of the engine this forenoon.

The engine struck the unfortunate old man with such violence as to amputate both legs below the knee. He was rushed to St. John's hospital, where his name is on the dangerous list with the probability that on account of Mr. Peabody's advanced age, the shock to him and loss of blood, will result in his death, according to the physicians at St. John's.

Mr. Peabody made his home with his wife and daughter, Amy, employed at the telephone exchange, at 113 Tremont street. He started out for a short walk this morning but his wife did not know where he was going and had no idea of where he was until the police department notified her that Mr. Peabody was at St. John's hospital at the point of death.

Preliminary investigation of how the accident occurred shows that Mr. Peabody

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BAY STATE HEARING PUT OVER TILL DEC. 17

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—The hearing on the petition of Receiver Wallace B. Donham for instructions regarding the discontinuance of certain lines of the Bay State Street Railway system was adjourned until Dec. 17 today after a protracted conference between federal Judge Morton and attorneys representing many of the cities and towns interested in the matter. More than 150 attorneys and town and city officials were on hand at the federal building. The judge immediately realized the difficulty of proceeding with the case without some system satisfactory to all, and left the bench in order that the attorneys might formulate a method of procedure.

Former Adjutant General Gardner W. Pearson of Lowell was selected as chairman of the meeting and after much discussion a motion made by Charles R. Cummings of Fall River was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee consisting of three representatives from communities north of Boston, three from points south of Boston and one member at large to determine upon a plan of procedure. Mr. Pearson was made chairman of the committee and other members were named as follows: Essex, Abbott, Haverhill; James M. Santry, Swampscott; John W. Cummings, Fall River; Albert F. Worthen, Weymouth; W. D. Reardon, Salem; and Attorney Wilbur of Brockton. Chairman Pearson announced that a meeting of the committee will be called for Saturday. The committee will arrange for the grouping together of communities having the same interests, in order that the time of the court may be conserved.

In his petition the receiver claimed that lines which he proposed to discontinue had not paid expenses, it

"TALL OAKS FROM LITTLE ACORNS GROW"

Just so with money at interest.

Start a savings account, add to it each week, watch it grow.

Money goes on interest the first day of each month in our Savings Department.

Old Lowell National Bank

(The Oldest Bank in Lowell)

Under the supervision of the United States government.

FIRST BIG IRISH NIGHT

Dancing, A.O.H. Hall Friday Evening, Dec. 6, 1918

WALLS ORCHESTRA Admission 35 Cents. No War Tax

TREMENDOUS CROWDS LINE SHORE WHEN TRANSPORT GEORGE WASHINGTON CARRYING THE PEACE DELEGATION SAILS FROM HOBOKEN



AMERICA'S PEACE ENVOYS

President Wilson will sit in the organization period of the peace conference at Versailles, and set forth America's attitude. Secretary Baker, it is expected, will replace him later. Secretary of State Lansing, by virtue of his post, is familiar with all of the diplomatic activities of the government. Colonel House has been the personal representative of President Wilson throughout the armistice negotiations. General Bliss is now member of the inter-allied war council. Henry White, former ambassador to France, is chosen that the republican party may have a membership in the peace conference.

was announced in court that affidavits in opposition had been filed by the mayors and selectmen of Beverly, Haverhill, Lawrence, Lynn, Newburyport, Swampscott, Tewksbury, Tringboro, Wakefield, Reading, East Bridgewater, Hingham, Hull, Needham, Dedham, Walpole, Westwood, Somerset, Brockton, Taunton, Rockland and Whitman.

Miskella asks your support, next Tuesday. Elect him, Joseph N. Dailey, 159 Chapel st.—adv.

WE
Allow interest and credit monthly on checking accounts, special rates on inactive accounts.

WE
Rent a safe deposit box in which to keep valuable papers, for less than a cent and a half a day.

WE
Paid at rate of 4% per cent. on savings department accounts of record October 1st.

WE
Accept savings deposits \$1.00 and up. Interest on same starts 12 times yearly—last day of month. No wait for "Quarter Days." No \$1000 limit.

WE
Are a Massachusetts Trust Co. No depositor in the Savings Department of a Massachusetts Trust Co. has ever lost a dollar.

WE
Thank you for carefully reading this dissertation and remembering the

MIDDLESEX TRUST CO.
Middlesex Safe Deposit & Trust Co. 100 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

WHERE the Lowell Thrift Club was held for 1918 is now in operation and from where the 1919 distribution is made December 14.

Get Vitality today at Down's Drug Store, Merrimack Square, City.—Adv.

Remarkable Sendoff for First American President to Leave For Europe While in Office

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—President Wilson sailed today for Europe to participate as one of five representatives of the United States to the peace conference in France. The transport George Washington got under way at 10:15 a. m. It marked the first time in the nation's history that a president stepped on board a steamship to go to Europe.

As the George Washington swung out into the North river, President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson stood on the flying bridge, the highest point to which passengers could climb. An army band on the shore played "Over There."

The big ship heaved more than half way across the river before she turned and when two destroyers and a naval

BOLSHEVIST OUTBREAK CAMP DEVENS SELECTED GENERAL M'CAIN CUTS SOLDIER'S SENTENCE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Thirty camps were designated by the war department today as demobilization centers to which enlisted men are to be transferred for discharge from the army.

The camps include Devens, Mass., and Upton, New York.

Commanding officers are instructed to discharge enlisted men only when such men are "within 75 miles of the point of their entrance into military service" otherwise to transfer them to another camp nearer the point of destination. All other enlisted men specified for discharge will be formed into detachments consisting of men from the same state and will be sent for discharge to the camp in or nearest the state from which they came.

A proper proportion of officers, preferably from the same locality will be sent with each detachment. Officers in command of the 30 camps are authorized to discharge all men sent them under previous general instructions. They are instructed to expedite every possible way such discharges.

The men transferred to the camp for immediate discharge who are found to

be ineligible for discharge by reason of physical disability will be assigned to a development institution, and discharged from the service as soon as they become eligible. Men sent to the camps for discharge are not to be placed on guard duty nor on any other duty which will delay their separation from the service, except in an emergency.

HIGGINS BROS. UNDERTAKERS
Funeral chambers and all modern conveniences. A whole building is utilized for the business.
115 LAWRENCE ST. TEL. 1404

Attention 2 NITE IS VICTORY NITE
—AT—
ASSOCIATE HALL
CONCERT AND DANSE
By "Lowell's Own" of Camp Devens
Features: Jazz Concert by members of the 212th Field Signal Corps, Colonel Art-Lee, formerly of Stanton Inn and The Woodcock Cafe, Boston, now of Devens. Miner-Doyle Orchestra of eight pieces.
FOLLOW THE CROWD AND BACK UP THE BOYS

Annual Dancing Party by Temple Club
Associate Hall, Friday, December 6, 1918
Miner-Doyle Orchestra
Tickets 35 Cents

DANCING—Associate Hall
THURSDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 5
The Leonas Rango Orchestra of Boston, augmented by Adam Ross, Boston's famous cornetist.
GENTS 40c LADIES 30c

Jas. E. O'Donnell
Counsellor at Law
ROOM 220, 45 MERRIMACK ST.

SCHOOL GARDEN WORK

What Was Done by the Normal Schools and Its Practice Schools

Below is an abstract of a report on school garden work under direction of the local Normal school and the practice schools connected therewith. The report was given out by Principal John J. Mahoney, who has encouraged school garden work in every way possible, although in the report he gives

all the credit to his subordinates and the pupils. Miss Edith H. Sanders, a Normal school senior, was employed on full time during the summer months to visit and direct the work in both home and school gardens. She did this in all the school districts named below except the New Moody in Lowell where the principal, Miss Merrill, directed the work in out-of-school hours. This latter school was helped also by the work of a very interested school janitor, Mr. McGee. Mr. Riley of the Normal school faculty was in the main responsible for the preparation of the Normal school garden, and gave valuable advice and assistance on many occasions, especially at the time of harvest. The engineer of the Normal

school, Mr. Hobson, also participated in the work, and directed what seemed to be the hopeless task of turning a miserable looking "dump" such as the Bartlett school plot into a very respectable garden. Miss Cheney of the Normal school faculty made the garden proposition in the first instance possible for the Normal school students by securing for them the use of a large tract of land on Route street, the property of Miss Martina Gage. She also, as advisor of the School and Society League, organized the school garden division in the Normal school. Miss Cheney of the Normal school faculty has co-operated by making the badges of honor that are to be given to those

students and public who faithfully "carried on." The mention of several people by name does not minimize the credit that belongs to many others who stood by, among them the principals of the training schools. It is their part always to handle multitudinous things, and do it as a part of the day's work. Their help in the garden proposition was invaluable.

Location of Gardens

There were four school gardens, as follows:

The Normal school garden, a half acre of land on Route street, turned over to us, as stated above, by Miss Martina Gage.

The Bartlett school garden, a piece of land loaned to us by the Locks and Canals Co.

The New Moody school garden, the largest and the best practice school garden operated, covering over 10,000 square feet of land.

The Shawheen school garden at South Tewksbury. The first planting in this was destroyed by frost.

Home gardens were conducted in the following school districts:

Bartlett school, 115.

South Tewksbury school, 56.

North Tewksbury, 19.

Lexington Avenue school, 19.

The school gardens in the practice schools were conducted on a co-operative basis by groups of school children. At the Bartlett school, Company A and Company B of the United States school garden army alternated, one company working one week during the summer, the other, the next. Each company appeared once a week and worked under Miss Sanders' direction. The average weekly attendance at this garden was 18. The New Moody garden was supervised by Miss Merrill, the principal of the school.

Miss Sanders reports that the children's home gardens were, on the whole, creditable. They varied from little plots a few feet long to gardens 40, 50 and 60 feet long.

The Harvest

The total harvest, including home and school gardens was as follows:

Squash	246	bushels
Potatoes	492	bushels
Carrots	12	bushels
Tomatoes	18	bushels
Turnips	112	bushels
Green peas	12	bushels
Spinners	12	bushels
Cauliflowers	12	bushels
Spinach	12	bushels
Onions	12	bushels
String beans	12	bushels
Dried beans	12	bushels
Sweet corn	732	dozen
Cabbage	12	bushels
Kidney beans	12	bushels
Chard	12	bushels
Beets	1752	bunches
Lettuce	316	heads
Watermelons	2	heads

The Dependables

The Normal school students and the practice school boys and girls named below are those who, in the opinion of the supervisors, showed a "stick-to-itiveness" that is worthy of high commendation. Others there were who began, but failed to deliver. Hall 22 the dependables:

Normal School—Especially honorable mention: The Misses Cotten, Anna Molloy, Crompton, Creamer, M. Gorman, Geary, Gray, Reiter, Dunley, Dary, Hearn, Morris.

Honorable mention: The Misses O'Hare, Cassidy, Whinnin, Maxionis, Mohr, M. McIlwain, Bolan, Collety, Whitney, Alice Molloy, Herlihy, Blingham, H. L. Donovan, M. L. Donovan, Fryer, McDonald, Leeming, Sowell, DeLorme, Hosmer, Walsh, Howarth, McGuinness, Payton, Bradley, Hannon, Dwyer, Libby, Lampray, D. P. Sullivan, Laine, Elizabeth McLaughlin, Ethel McLaughlin, Duffin, Mulligan, MacFadden, Coffey.

Bartlett School—Especially honorable mention: Guy Libby, Howard Sayball, Walter Maloney, William Maloney, Franklin Chandler, Harry McGuinness.

Honorable mention: Frances Durgin, Joseph Moran, Roy Foster, Myrtle Bizelew, Vernon Huse, Geraldine Adams, Eva Durgin, Yvonne Ferron, Muriel Rogers, Jeanette Bergeron, Marie Dunaway, Joseph Ogden, James Sigeon, Paul Reedy, Alice Lennon, Joseph Mehan, Daniel Hogan, Leo Foster, Walter Gorman, Achilles Sacco, Alice Daly, Eleanor Smith, Edith McLaughlin, Helen Doran, Elizabeth Reedy, Ada Bond, Anna Winters, Walter Hamblitt, Alice Miller, Laura Goethe, Gertrude Duprez, Thomas Donoghue.

New Moody Street School—Especially honorable mention: Timothy Kennedy, Conrad Lambert, Cecile Prouty, Walter McDonald, Edmond Cloutier, Francis Brown, Walter O'Brien, Fred Hoyle, Lucille Richards, Pearl Welsh, Gertrude Conner, Ethel Perrin, Walter McGee, Gerald McDonald.

Honorable mention: Albert McInerney, Charles Gallagher, Joseph Sullivan, Frank McInerney, Ted Tyeon, William LeMay, Raymond Matic, George LaRochelle, Mary Mallen, Jeanette Deane, Virginia Hicks, Mary Dempsey, Gertrude Marshall, Velma Hicks, Alice Teller, Mahal Savage.

Lexington Ave. School—Especially honorable mention: Clement Hamblitt, Howard Dick.

Honorable mention: Gladys Barker, Nicholas, Kathelena, Oscar Palm, Gerad Brown, Wendell Butterfield, Louise Clark, Marjorie Clark, Grace Wagner, Harold Leland.

No. Tewksbury School—Especially honorable mention: Harold Carson, Eleanor Carson.

Honorable mention: Francis Battles, Elsie Hicks, Donald Hicks, Morton Battles, Russell Durrell, Margaret Amiel, Isabel Amiel, Loretta Smith, Merion Crosby, William Penney.

INSTRUCTIONS TO K. OF C. SECRETARIES

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Since the armistice began, a vital change has been made in the instructions given to Knights of Columbus overseas secretaries, and just before they sail they are given a heart to heart talk by William J. Mulligan, chairman of K. of C. committee on war activities, who now emphasizes these points:

"Our soldiers are about to be attacked by foes far more dangerous and deadly than the Hun and his allies. Knights of Columbus secretaries must now step into the front line trenches themselves and resist this new danger threatening our troops. You must do the fighting if you lose, all our past efforts will have been in vain. By day and by night, you must give battle to this approaching menace to our troops. These new foes are discon-

Sour Stomach

and Nervous Indigestion

One Symptom of Which Most Sufferers From This Disorder Complain

Nervous indigestion, or nervous dyspepsia, is not a disease of the digestive organs.

Strong emotions, such as grief or anxiety, will arrest the process of digestion suddenly. This shows how completely the nerves control digestion. If the blood is thin and the nerves are undernourished, your food does not digest but ferments and you have sour stomach with eructations of gas and a feeling of pressure around the heart. These are common symptoms of nervous dyspepsia and they can be corrected as the following statement shows:

"I suffered from nervous indigestion for over three years," says Mrs. A. M. Rolfe, of No. 17 Adams street, Portland, Me. "After eating I would fill right up with gas and my heart would seem to jump. I could eat only light foods, had bilious attacks and frequent sick headaches. I had no color at all and lost flesh and weight. At times I would be all of a tremble with nervousness and I did not sleep well."

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended to me by a lady who had used them with benefit and before I had finished the second box I could see that they were doing me good. My nerves were quieter and I suffered less pain after eating. I kept on with them and in fact still keep them in the house as a family medicine. I shall always recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for I can truthfully say that they helped me when other medicines failed."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a tonic for the blood and nerves, have been used with great success in the treatment of this form of stomach trouble. Cold baths in the morning followed by brisk friction with a rough towel will help as they stimulate the circulation but a tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by building up the blood, restoring the nerve force and making the stomach able to do its work, gives the most lasting benefit. With their use the appetite increases, digestion becomes normal and improvement in the general health follows with certainty.

You are trying no experiment when you take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They cannot harm the most delicate system.

In spite of the increased cost of all drugs the price of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills has not been changed. Your druggist does not pay any more for the pills than he ever did. He can supply you or you can order direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., and the pills will be sent by mail, postpaid, or receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50. Write today for a free copy of our diet book.—Adv.

tent, loneliness and temptation. It devolves largely upon Knights of Columbus to win this fight. The order has pledged itself to win. It's up to you to make good. You are a guardian of the American soldiers' and sailors' comfort, happiness, moral welfare and in a part, spiritual welfare. K. of C. chaplains will help you. Don't fail, you must not fail. With God's help you will win.

Knights of Columbus overseas secretaries are asking the privilege of being permitted to accompany the first American troops into Berlin if they go there, which seems probable, even though they only go as an object lesson to the Germans. So many requests were made that it was necessary to solve the matter in an equitable way and give all the applicants an equal show, so William J. Mulligan, chairman of K. of C. war activities, decided that the secretary or secretaries whose birthday anniversary fell on the same date that the American soldiers are due there, shall be given the coveted permission.

LETTER FROM ANNA HOWARD SHAW

Miss Bernice J. Everett, city leader for the local women's food conservation committee, associated with the department of agriculture, has received a most interesting letter from Anna Howard Shaw, chairman of the women's committee of the council of national defense, in which the writer congratulates the women of the country on the excellent work they accomplished during the war and urges them to remember that the importance of food conservation has increased rather than decreased as the result of the signing of the armistice.

Miss Everett has also received copies of the following pledge which she is endeavoring to have Lowell women live up to:

"We pledge our country our best effort to prevent the waste or the selfish use of our food reserves. We pledge our loyal co-operation in carrying out the conservation measures suggested by the government."

"And if economy sometimes grows irksome or if this service works unwholesome change in our accustomed manner of living, we will think of those who have offered their lives for their country."

After Typhoid

AFTER a siege of Typhoid almost every bit of strength seems exhausted. It is necessary to make new blood and feed starved, wasted tissues.

BOVINE for Strength

contains the vital elements of beef blood, is easily digestible being taken into the circulation almost instantly, and is a splendid reconstructive food tonic.

12 oz. bottle - \$1.15
6 oz. bottle - .70

THE BOVINE CO.
25 West Houston St., New York

OPEN ALL DAY THURSDAY DURING DECEMBER

The Bon Marche

WILL THERE BE MUSIC IN YOUR HOME CHRISTMAS MORNING?

Order Your Phonograph Now

From the Only Store in Lowell
Selling All Three

VICTROLA



COME IN AND
HEAR THESE
THREE SIDE
BY SIDE

Easy Terms

Come in and
let us explain
our easy credit
system.

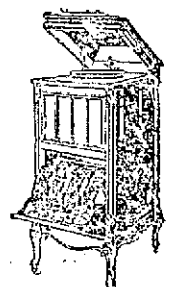
EDISON



NINE
COMFORT-
ABLE
DEMON-
STRATION
ROOMS
FOR YOUR
CON-
VENIENCE

We Are Talking Machine Headquarters In Lowell and Vicinity

All the music of all the world can be found here.



country and those whose homes have been devastated. We will be glad that we, too, can serve in satisfying their hunger, in renewing their courage and in re-establishing their homes."

GOVERNMENT HOUSING

City's Bill Against Federal Government Is About \$6000—Bill Discussed

W. H. Kimball, assistant director of the engineering department of the United States Housing corporation, held a conference with Mayor Thompson at the latter's office yesterday afternoon in regard to the bill which the city has sent in to the corporation for the work which has been done here by the municipality in preparing for the erection of government houses. The bill amounts to approximately \$6000.



No definite decision on the matter was reached. The mayor believes that

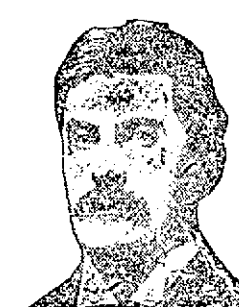
the federal government should be willing to pay the bill in view of the fact that the land will soon be ready for actual construction and that within a few years will be ready for development. He believes that the fact that the land is already supplied with water and sewer pipes will enhance its value to the government. Mr. Kimball maintained, however, that it would be at least seven years before any real development could be looked for. He could see the local side of the matter, however, and will report to Chief Engineer Alvord of the housing corporation at once.

ENTERTAINMENT AND DANCE

The 24th Ambulance Co. held forth at Associate hall last evening, in what turned out to be one of the most largely attended and successful dancing parties of the present season. The boys in khaki furnished the entertainment numbers of the program, and gave them with a snap and vim which made a decided hit with the spectators. Broderick's orchestra furnished the music, and at the close of the entertainment general dancing was enjoyed until a late hour.

Safe Milk for INFANTS and INVALIDS

ASK FOR The Original   
Nourishing Digestible No Cooking
For Infants, Invalids and Growing Children. Rich Milk, Malted Grain Extract in Powder
The Original Food-Drink For All Ages. OTHERS are IMITATIONS



"If I Hurt You Don't Pay Me"

No matter how nervous you are or how sensitive your teeth may be, come in and let me prove the above statement. MY PRICES ARE THE LOWEST IN LOWELL

A small per cent over the cost of material is my answer to the ordinary dentist's big prices and get all you can afford.

FULL SET TEETH.....\$8.00 UP
GOLD FILLINGS.....\$1.00 UP
GOLD CROWNS.....\$5.00
PORCELAIN CROWNS.....\$5.00

Estimate and Advice Free

Dr. T. J. KING, 137 MERRIMACK STREET
Phone 3200
Nurse in Attendance
CLARENCE W. KING, D.D.S., Inc. Hours: 9 to 8, French Spoken.

Covo saves the day!

What a welcome discovery in delicious nut oils has done for American salad lovers.

WHEN the price of olive oil began to go up—up—up, patriotic women began to wonder how they could continue to serve green vegetables in really appetizing salads.

They had been counting on salads to help take the place of wheat and meat, for example.

Now comes Covo—Nature's own answer to the question "What can I use instead?"—which has been disturbing women since European countries said, "We cannot send you olive oil, as our own people need all we have." And since, the price of olive oil quite naturally took wings.

Covo is a new American salad oil—the result of two years' patient but delightful study of delicious nuts and their oils.

Covo comes to you a pure and wholesome oil—an oil whose savory flavor is the savory flavor of the nuts themselves.

You will find that Covo is not nearly so high-priced as pure olive oil—but more expensive than the commoner oils that lack Covo's delicate nutty flavor.

Salads are coming into their own rapidly. Ripe, luscious fruits, almost bursting with juiciness—fresh, green garden things fairly begging to be made into salads! No wonder salads are so popular as well as patriotic nowadays!

Covo gives added relish to any salad dressing. Try it with mayonnaise, French dressing or your own favorite dressing-recipe.

Try Covo with the next salad you prepare. Try it tomorrow.

Grocers whose customers appreciate unusually good things to eat, are already selling Covo. No doubt your grocer is.

COVO

PURE NUT AND VEGETABLE OILS—BLENDED

For Cooking, too

After you have used Covo for salads and have discovered what a delicious pure oil it is, you have another treat in store.

Covo as a shortening and a frying agent makes perfectly delicious cooking. You can use it in cakes, cookies, pastry, biscuits, shallow and deep frying and, in fact, wherever a high class shortening is desired.

You will find cooking directions on the can.

THE H. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

Covo is packed
in tins of pint, quart, half-gallon and gallon sizes

OVERCOATS

Chalifoux's ESTABLISHED 1873
CORNER

WOOLENS

Kerseys, meltons, heavy cheviots and great cloths—

\$28.00 to \$35.00 COATS

\$22.95

MODELS

Conservative, box, form fitted and ulsterette; single and double breasted, half belts, plain or velvet collars, and plain or fancy pockets at all angles—

\$28.00 to \$35.00 COATS

22.95

COLORS

Plain black, blue, brown and green, also fancy mixtures and the new two-tone shades—

\$28.00 to \$35.00 COATS

\$22.95

LININGS

Quarter or full lined, sleeves all lined with satin; some overcoats lined all through with satin or serges; others quarter lined with satin, all seams satin piped. Hand felled collars and buttonholes—

\$28.00 to \$35.00 COATS

\$22.95

\$28.00 OVERCOATS
\$30.00 OVERCOATS
\$35.00 OVERCOATS

\$22.95

For Men
and
Young Men



MEN'S STORE

Announces in a
Sale Beginning Thursday

Hundreds of
OVERCOATS

MANUFACTURERS' SAMPLES AND
SURPLUS STOCKS

\$28.00
Values

\$30.00
Values

\$35.00
Values

\$22.95
FOR YOUR CHOICE

We have it direct from one of the greatest clothing organizations in the country that there will be no reduction in the price of woollens for at least one year. This is first hand knowledge from an absolute authority on the woollen market. Consequently this sale

stands out as the most conspicuous Overcoat event that has come to our notice anywhere. The price is actually below today's wholesale market. The coats are positively above criticism in style, quality and tailoring. Selections should be made as early as possible.—Chalifoux's Men's Store.

OVERCOATS

Wilson Sails for France

Continued

daring loops above the president's ship. The liner and its convoy steamed toward the sea with the George Washington's band playing martial airs and with harbor craft of all types, including many allied merchant ships, dipping flags and tooting whistles in salute to the departing chief executive. On Staten Island, where the shores were black with throngs who had waited since early morning to witness a precedent-breaking spectacle in American history, the George Washington met its ocean convoy—the dreadnought Pennsylvania and a quintet of destroyers, trim in new coats of battleship gray.

Sea of Waving Flags

As the squadron passed through the gate in the submarine net which stretches across the narrows and within 500 feet of the Staten Island shore, a group of several hundred school children was transformed at a word of command into a sea of waving flags.

The presidential fleet passed quarantine at 11 o'clock, the Pennsylvania leading and the destroyers deployed on either side and in the wake of the transport. Gunboats in the lower bay fired salutes in salute.

As the squadron steamed out to sea, a single airplane, traveling only 50 feet above the water, could be seen

leading the way toward the eastern horizon.

Returned Soldiers Cheer

Across the waters of the Hudson just as the George Washington was about to sail, there came the roaring cheers of more than 2000 American soldiers returning to American shores in the British transport Lapland. From crowded rigging, from densely packed rails and from every porthole, the homecoming fighting men shouted greetings to their president; and from the decks of the presidential liner and the destroyers guarding her, answering cheers came back.

Welcome For Lapland

The river craft and shore line crowds which had gathered to bid the president farewell, joined in the demonstration of welcome for the Lapland. Above the river an airplane looped the loop; bands played on the pier of the Lapland and the police boat "Patrol" bearing Mayor Hylan and other city officials to greet the soldiers, while fireboats shot streams of water high into the air.

The Lapland left Liverpool on Nov. 22, and battled with icy gales during most of her voyage. Among the men aboard the liner were 20 wounded, six Russian army and navy officers on their way to Vladivostok, and a number of American naval officers. All the rest were members of the aviation corps who have been stationed in England. The boys who cannot yet return to America also were represented on the transport by their letters to "the folks back home" 4245 sacks of soldier mail being brought in.

Picturesque Reception

A picturesque military reception was accorded the president, Mrs. Wilson, Secretary Baker, Secretary Lansing, Secretary Tumulty and others who were passengers on the special train which reached Hoboken at 1:30 a. m. Between the spur of track on which the train drew up at the entrance to the pier and the North river terminal of the dock, an archway of American flags had been erected. As the president stepped from the train and shook hands with General G. M. McManus,

bugles and drums sounded and an army band played the Star Spangled Banner. Army guards and girls of the army transport service were drawn up in military formation.

March Under Archway of Flags

Accompanied by General McManus and his staff, the presidential party moved slowly under the archway of flags and between solid rows of soldiers, who presented arms as the president and Secretary Baker passed.

Admiral Albert Gleaves, head of the cruiser and transport division of the Atlantic fleet, met the president and shook hands with him at the entrance to the gangway.

The president said good-bye to General McManus and, accompanied by Admiral Gleaves, went aboard the transport where he was introduced to Captain McCauley, the commander of this North German Lloyd steamship.

Secretary Baker left the George Washington before it got under way. Secretary Tumulty, however, remained on board for a final conference with the president, and it was arranged for a rugboat to take him off at quarantine and bring him back to the city.

President and Mrs. Wilson had breakfast alone in the private dining room which is part of their suite. Later they took a short stroll on deck and were applauded by persons assembled on the pier.

First Rest Since Becoming President

The president in high spirits, said he was looking forward to the voyage as a rest—indeed, the first real rest since he assumed office. He remarked that it might be "an enforced rest for a few days" thus acknowledging his reputation for being a poor sailor.

The George Washington, with its convoy of war vessels will take the southern route, going by way of the Azores in order to avoid the colder temperatures which would be encountered on the northern route.

An office desk in one room of the president's suite was piled high with telegrams and official documents before the transport sailed, and indications were that the president would plunge into this work even before the George Washington got out to sea.

It is expected that a radio message

will be received by the president late today from Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo announcing the acceptance or rejection of the treasury secretaryship by the man to whom it has been offered.

Tumulty Needed in Washington

Secretary Tumulty had been very anxious to accompany the president, but he yielded to the wishes of the president, who believed that his presence was needed in Washington.

On the train trip from Washington extraordinary precautions were taken by the secret service. Captain John J. Henry and his entire Washington staff accompanied the president. Meanwhile 200 secret service experts had thoroughly examined the George Washington and the loyalty of every officer and seaman on board was absolutely proved. After the president stepped aboard the ship was virtually sealed, even army officers of high rank being barred. George Creel, who did not go aboard at the time the president did, found difficulty in later joining the

party. He was obliged to exert official pressure in order to be allowed to go aboard.

Many Noted Persons on Board

The George Washington carries many noted persons. Besides the president, they include Secretary Lansing and Henry White, former ambassador to France and Italy, who with Col. E. M. House and General Tasker H. Bliss, both already in Europe, and the president, constitute America's delegation to the peace conference. Rear Admiral H. S. Knapp and Captain William V. Pratt, who will report to Admiral Benson, naval representative now with Col. House, on the peace mission, as the admiral's assistants; Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson, the president's physician; George Creel, chairman of the committee on public information; Gilbert T. Close, confidential clerk to the president; Brigadier General W. H. Harts, former aide to the president who will command the military aides and messengers at the conference; Brigadier General Churchill, chief of military intelligence division; Raymond

D. Fosdick, chairman of the commission on training camp activities who will direct welfare work for the war department among American soldiers in France, and 23 members of the peace information commission of which Col. House is the head.

John W. Davis, newly appointed ambassador to Great Britain with Mrs. Davis, with the French and Italian ambassadors, with their families also were on the passenger list.

WILSON IS DETERMINED AGAINST MILITARISM

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Prior to President Wilson's departure today for Europe to attend the peace conference, it became known that he goes determined against militarism in any form. The crushing of Prussian militarism was a part of his plan for the future peace of the whole world, he feels, ac-

cording to persons who conferred with him on the transport George Washington before it sailed.

HUMANE SOCIETY MEN ARE BUSY

These are busy days for the Lowell Humane society and the animal ambulance has been kept on the jump the past few days attending to the cases of sick and injured animals.

At 9 o'clock last night an unknown autoist ran over a large black and white dog on Boylston street, breaking the animal's back. Mr. Gilmore was called and found it necessary to end the animal's misery with a shot.

At about 8 o'clock the same evening the agent was called to render assistance to a horse which had fallen down on Aiken street, near Lakeview avenue. With the assistance of the officer on the beat, James Garrity and several of the spectators, the animal was finally set on its feet, apparently none the worse for the experience.

LADIES OF LOWELL AND SURROUNDING TOWNS

You owe it to yourself to see the wonderful bargains at our

Great 4 Days' Sale

DRESSES

Values to \$25.00. At this sale,

\$12.98

SUITS

Values to \$35.00. At this sale,

\$18.75

COATS

Values to \$50.00. At this sale,

\$32.50

COATS

Values to \$35.00. At this sale,

\$22.50

COATS

Values to \$27.50. At this sale,

\$18.75

Hundreds of Other Bargains Throughout the Store.

Rialto Cloak & Suit Store

117-119 CENTRAL ST.

RIALTO BLDG.

OPPOSITE STRAND THEATRE

FRED J. NEVERY, Manager.

SEE WINDOW
DISPLAY

SEE WINDOW
DISPLAY

WHEN A FAMILY NEEDS A FRIEND

In the Absence of Doctors Gone to War, After Influenza, the Grip—Those wonderfully useful medicines, Hood's Sarsaparilla, Pepton and Hood's Pills—comprising the new combination family treatment—are warmly recommended.

If taken regularly, Hood's Sarsaparilla before meals, Pepton after meals, and Hood's Pills at night as needed, they are reasonably sure to keep a family in health and prove to be reliable and always ready friends. They purify the blood, build up strength and regulate the system.

Get all, or any one, as you think you need, from your druggist today.

KAISER MUST STAND TRIAL

Bonar Law Says Allied Governments to Press Demand for Surrender

Agreement Reached on Plan to Force Germany to Pay to Limit of Her Capacity

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 3.—Speaking at 10 o'clock tonight, Andrew Bonar Law, the chancellor of the exchequer, confirmed the statement that the British government had decided to press the allies as strongly as possible that the surrender of former Emperor William should be demanded and that he should stand his trial. The chancellor also announced that the government had appointed a committee to examine scientifically into the question of how much the enemy would be able to pay. The government would propose such procedure to the allies and it believed it would be adopted. An international committee would then inquire into the whole question and decide what amount was obtainable. Steps would then be taken to secure its payment.

As Col. House, the American representative, was unable to attend the allied conferences in London yesterday and today, Mr. Bonar Law added, it was impossible that a decision could be reached on any point. It was therefore now only expressing the views of the British government.

AMERICANS SLEEP IN THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING

LONDON, Dec. 4.—American soldiers and sailors who are here are finding difficulty in obtaining sleeping accommodations and the municipal government has offered quarters in many of the public edifices, including the law courts and parliament buildings. The American Red Cross is providing bedding and cots for nearly 600 American sailors arrived today and are being quartered at the law courts.

MORE LIEUTENANTS FOR FIRE DEPARTMENT

John F. Ambrose, a permanent fireman connected with the Protective company in Warren street, will be appointed a lieutenant within a short time by Commissioner Brown, according to a statement made by Mr. Brown this morning.

SALARY INCREASES FOR CITY EMPLOYEES

There is considerable talk at city hall concerning the adoption of an ordinance by the city council providing for salary increases of municipal employees solely on the basis of length of service, rather than on the haphazard basis now prevalent.

There is known to be dissatisfaction among many of the clerks in various departments with the present manner by which salaries are advanced. A number of clerks who have been at city hall only a few years are receiving as much, and in some instances, more than clerks who have been there a much longer period of time.

The impending filing of a schedule of salaries for next year by the heads of the various departments has brought

THE NEW **25c** SIZE
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Will give all a chance to try the genuine article.
USED AS A
LINIMENT
"STOPS PAIN" INSTANTLY
Rub It On It Does Not Blister
For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sore Throat, Sore Muscles, etc.
WAX & CO., 205 Centre St. NEW YORK

up the matter. Some clerks feel that if salary changes are made this year they will cause the same bad feeling that has been existent in many previous instances. The only cure as they see it, is a universal, stable basis by which increases in all departments may be regulated.

Miskella served you well before. Elect him again. Joseph N. Daily, 159 Chapel St.—adv.

GERMAN "REDS" TRIED TO GET IN TOUCH WITH YANKEE TROOPS

AT TREVER
PARIS, Dec. 4.—(Havas).—When the American troops entered Treves, yesterday, the German revolutionary committee tried to get in touch with them, but the commander of the forces in the city refused to grant an interview.

SAY AMERICAN BUSINESS SHOULD BE CONSULTED

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 4.—In his opening address to the reconstruction congress of business men representing nearly all the industries of the country here today, Harry A. Wheeler of Chicago, president of the chamber of commerce of the United States, declared that American business in common with like interests of other nations, should be consulted in framing the peace conditions.

President Wheeler said he had this matter in mind when on Nov. 23 he addressed a letter to President Wilson suggesting the advisability of having American industry represented in some manner during the peace negotiations. The answer from the president, he said, contained no further reference to the suggestion other than the broad statement that "we must all thoughtfully take counsel and apply the wisest action to circumstances as they arise."

President Wheeler added: "Since the questions of economic reconstruction of other nations will undoubtedly be adequately represented with the most expert support that can be marshalled, it is for you to determine whether you regard the matter of sufficient importance to advocate the appointment of a commission whose continuous presence in Paris will provide like representation on behalf of American industry."

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing. Tobin's Associate bldg. A recuperative diet in influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk very digestible.

Fire and liability insurance. Daniel J. O'Brien, Wyman's Exchange. Among the soldiers who arrived in New York Monday from overseas on the transport Mauretania were two men whose addresses are given as Lowell. They are M. J. Rourke and Henry Kaufman, members of the 76th division.

Mayor Thompson has sent a letter of appreciation to Supt. John H. Nichols of the state infirmary, Tewksbury, for the aid given the city by that institution during the recent influenza epidemic.

All past and present members of the home nursing and first aid classes are requested to meet with Miss Helen O'Rourke at the Red Cross rooms, Market street, on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Miss O'Rourke will resume teaching her present classes at 7:30 o'clock.

The local exemption boards have received notice from Adjutant General Jesse F. Stevens that every variety of induction into the national forces of the United States has been stopped with the exception of deserters, members of the Students' Army Training Corps and navy and marine corpsmen whose inductions have already progressed to a certain degree.

There is a great need for a supply of linen to be furnished in war hospitals

Buy It For News!

Complete wire service of both the International News Service and the Universal Service—a splendid city staff—correspondents everywhere—ALL the news of Boston, New England, America and the four corners of the globe.

Buy It For Features!

No other New England evening newspaper has contributors like ARTHUR BRISBANS, GARRETT P. SERVISS, DR. BRICE BELDEN, DR. HARVEY WILEY, JOHN TEMPLE GRAVES, MRS. WILSON WOODROW, ELLA WHEELER WILCOX—or artists like McMANUS, TAD, HERSHFELD, STERRET, CALLAHAN, T. E. POWERS, McCAY, McNAMARA.



ELLA WHEELER WILCOX
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Buy It For—

The Editorial Page

Free, progressive, truly American, truly democratic, now, ever and always.

If the BOSTON AMERICAN were reduced to one page and that the editorial page, it would still be read daily by many thousands of New Englanders.

THAT is what it means to have deservedly won the confidence of the people.

BOSTON AMERICAN

Largest Evening Circulation in New England

LIGHT VOTE IN ELECTIONS—NO CHANGE IN LICENSE

RESULTS OF CITY ELECTIONS YESTERDAY

	LICENSE			
	1918	1917	Yes	No
••Brockton, William L. Gleason..	—	—	4130	5176
Cambridge	—	—	3805	7268
••Chicopee	1401	943	1839	1574
••Fall River, James H. Kay.....	6532	4373	7050	5671
••Pitchburg, Frank M. Foss.....	2788	1945	2951	2581
Gloucester	—	—	1994	1539
Haverhill, Charles H. Croy.....	3395	2693	3765	3428
••Holyoke, John D. Ryan.....	4267	2339	4578	3383
••Leominster	852	962	1126	1138
••Marlboro, Charles F. McCarthy, 1488	1035	1759	1137	—
••New Bedford, Chas. S. Ashley, 5187	2634	6691	5505	—
••Northampton, Alvertus J. Morse, 1242	817	1871	1225	—
••Penbody, Samuel H. Donnell..	945	1395	738	1222
••Pittsfield, William C. Moulton..	3430	2405	3332	3119
••Quincy, Joseph L. Whiton.....	1560	3180	1127	2207
••Salem	1568	1797	2615	3560
Springfield, Arthur A. Adams..	5936	3514	8046	5761
Taunton	—	—	3530	2111
••Melhuon	414	720	881	1250
••Waltham	473	620	1139	1921

*No contest for mayor. **Re-elected.

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—No changes were made in the license situations in 20 Massachusetts cities in which elections were held yesterday. On the total vote there was a big gain shown in the license column, although in some cities, as in Quincy, the vote for no-license was very strong.

Throughout the state generally, the voting for mayors and other officials was light. In some places there were no contests, while in several cities the mayors were re-elected with little or no opposition.

A big vote was brought out in Quincy, where Mayor Joseph L. Whiton was opposed by former Mayor Gustave B. Bates. Mayor Whiton won by a majority of 1011.

In Gloucester the vote for mayor was very close, John J. Burke winning from John A. Stoddard, the present incumbent, by only 90 votes.

SAYS GERMANS NEED ENCOURAGEMENT

BERLIN, Tuesday, Dec. 3 (By the Associated Press).—Hugo Preuss, state secretary of interior in the new German government, in discussing with the correspondent the progress of the revolution today, said: "We are obliged to rear democracy on the foundation bequeathed us by the old system, which is now gone forever, provided it is not restored through external forces. But the atti-

tude of our enemies as it now presents itself in some new aspect every day, permits the observation that they are treating us as if William II were still on the throne. Many brave German democrats are now shaking their heads wondering whether the exchange of systems will really bring us the blessings of democracy so ardently championed by President Wilson. We need encouragement, and lots of it."

SIX DAY RACE

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN, New York, Dec. 4.—At 8 a. m. today, the 56th hour, the leading 13 teams in the six-day bicycle race had pedaled 1600 miles 2 laps. Bowker brothers were one lap behind. The 56th hour record in 1159 miles 5 laps, made by Anderson and Dopy in 1915.

CATARRHAL DEAFNESS MAY BE OVERCOME

If you have Catarrhal Deafness or are even just a little hard of hearing or have head noises go to your druggist and get 1 ounce of Earsmith (double strength), and add to it 1/4 pint of hot water and a little granulated sugar. Take 1 tablespoonful four times a day. This will often bring quick relief from the distressing head noises. Earsmith should be taken after breathing becomes easy and the mucus stop dripping into the throat. It is easy to prepare, cost little and is pleasant to take. Anyone losing hearing or who has Catarrhal Deafness or head noises should give this prescription a trial.

McCALL PATTERNS—THIRD FLOOR

SHOP
EARLY
FOR
CHRISTMAS



SHOP
EARLY
FOR
CHRISTMAS

Chalifoux's Will Be Open All Day Thursday, 8.30 to 6 Every Thursday This Month

Chalifoux Values in Christmas gift merchandise of reliable quality are ready in every nook and corner of the store. The new government ruling removing all restrictions on the purchase of Christmas goods, essential and otherwise, is going to make this a good old-fashioned Christmas, with plenty of gifts for all. Don't you see it's going to bring an avalanche of business to the stores? It may exhaust stocks before Christmas. May even force prices up on goods that have to be re-bought. Protect yourself now by shopping early for Christmas. Thursday's a good day.

The Christmas Ribbon Store

Yards and yards of gay colored ribbons seem to smile at you from our ribbon shelves. Just think of the countless dainty things that nimble fingers can make with ribbon. There are camisoles, slippers, powder box holders, boudoir caps and all kinds of lovely bags. The following are a few of the many kinds of ribbon and their prices:



- Five inch moire hair bow ribbon—all colors, yard 29c
- Six inch moire hair bow ribbon in all colors, yard 39c
- Plaid hair bow ribbon, yard . . . 49c and 59c
- Five inch dresden ribbon, suitable for fancy work—all patterns, yard 29c
- Camisole wash ribbon, suitable for fancy work—all patterns, yard . . . 59c and 98c
- Black satin ribbon—nine and ten inches wide, with gold and silver designs, \$2.75 to \$4.50 Yard
- Satin ribbon, five and seven inches wide, yard . . . 39c and 49c

The Christmas Glove Store

For men, women, boys and girls. Few gifts are quite so welcome as or so much appreciated as a pair of gloves. We have warm woolen gloves, kid gloves, mocha gloves, all kinds of gloves, all sizes and styles. Just now the selection is splendid. Later we cannot promise all styles in all sizes.

MEN'S GLOVES		WOMEN'S GLOVES	
Men's Khaki Mocha Gloves with three rows black back embroidery	\$4.00	Women's Imported French Kid Gloves in light and dark gray, self embroidered	\$2.50
Men's Gray Kid Washable Gloves in plain and fancy back	\$2.00	Women's Gauntlet Kid Gloves in tan, gray, fancy back,	\$3.50
Men's Gray Suede Gloves with three rows black back embroidery	\$3.50	Women's Washable Cape Gloves in black with white, gray with white, and white with black,	\$2.50
Men's Genuine Buckskin Gloves with three rows black embroidery	\$3.00	Women's Medium Weight Filolette Gloves in white with black, and gray with black, or plain white and gray	\$1.00
Men's Genuine Gray Mocha Gloves, silk lining with black back	\$4.00	Women's Heavy Fleece Lined Gloves, in gray and black	79c
Men's Khaki Cape Gloves, three rows black back embroidery	\$2.00	Women's Filolette Gloves in Khaki, black and white, and white with black	79c
Men's Squirrel Lined Mocha Gloves, in gray mocha	\$8.00	GIRLS' GLOVES	
Men's Squirrel Lined Mocha Gloves, in tan	\$4.50	Girls' Skating Wool Gauntlet Gloves in white and oxford	79c, \$1.00, \$1.25
Men's Genuine Gray Mocha Gloves with wool knit lining	\$5.00	Girls' Scotch Wool Gloves, in leather and oxford	\$1.00
Men's Gray and Tan Suede Gloves with wool lining for	\$3.00	Girls' Wool Gloves in white and gray	75c
Men's Tan Cape Gloves with heavy wool lining and strap at wrist	\$4.50	Girls' Filolette Gloves, one clasp, in white and gray	75c
Men's Heavy Scotch Wool Gloves with lining	\$2.00	BOYS' GLOVES	
Men's Astrachan Gloves with wool lining,	\$1.25	Boys' Wool Gloves in fancy knit	65c and 75c
Men's Scotch Wool Gloves with bone button, in black and gray	\$1.25	Boys' Heavy Scotch Wool Gloves	\$1.00
Men's Worsted Wool Gloves in black, oxford gray, brown and khaki	\$1.25	Boys' Heavy Leather Lined Mittens	65c
Men's Jersey Knit Gloves with heavy wool lining, in khaki and black	75c	Boys' Heavy Fleece Lined Jersey Gloves in khaki and gray	65c
		Boys' Gauntlet Gloves, wool lining	65c

McCALL PATTERNS—THIRD FLOOR

MINIMUM WAGE SCALE FOR WOMEN AND GIRLS

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—A minimum wage scale for women and girls employed in wholesale millinery establishments, effective January 1, was announced today by the Massachusetts minimum wage commission. The scale provides for a weekly rate of \$11 for experienced employees and \$5 to \$9 for learners and apprentices, according to the length of employment. The pay for

experienced employees in the retail millinery trade was fixed at \$10 per week on August 1.

A resolution urging higher pay for female employees of retail stores generally, adopted by the retail store wage board, recommends that the minimum wage for experienced workers 19 years of age and over be increased to at least \$10 and that rates for other workers range from \$5 to \$8.50. Firms paying less than these rates, the resolution says, are paying wages too low to maintain the workers in health and decency.

SENTENCE STANDS

Lawyer Gets Year for Attempt to Bribe Draft Board

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—Moses Entin, a Fall River attorney, who recently pleaded guilty to a charge of attempting to bribe a draft board physician to declare Samuel Bloomberg physically unfit for army service, today began a

sentence of a year and a month in the Plymouth jail. The sentence was imposed by Judge Hale in the federal court last month and was to have begun Monday, but Entin obtained new counsel and sought to have the case taken up again. Judge Morton, to whose attention the matter was brought, declined to reopen the case and today Entin was brought into court and the same sentence was reimposed. Bloomberg paid a fine of \$200 last month.

WOMAN'S DEVOTION TO HOME

Home duties to many women appear more important than health. No matter how ill they feel, they drag themselves through their daily tasks, overdo and pay the penalty in headaches, backaches, dragging-down pains and nervousness. They become irritable, and finally discover that some form of female complaint has fastened itself upon them. When a woman gets into this condition, there is one tried and true remedy made from the roots and herbs of the field, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which for more than forty years has continued its great work among women in restoring health after many other remedies have failed.

CHILDREN
Should not be "dosed" for colds—apply the "outside" treatment—
YOUR BODYGUARD
VICK'S VapoRub
NEW PRICES—30c, 60c, \$1.20

The second cup is tempting after you have tried the first and you may drink as many as you please without harm.

INSTANT POSTUM

WAR COST UP TO JUNE 13 BILLION

Financial History of America's Part in War Set Forth by McAdoo

Retiring Financier Submits Very Interesting Account of His Stewardship

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The financial history of America's part in the war is set forth by Secretary McAdoo in his annual report drafted before his resignation, and made public today by the treasury. It is the history of how the American people paid billions in taxes, raised four great Liberty loans and created a tremendous pool of credit with which the treasury through its many war agencies paid the bills of the army and navy, the shipping board and other government departments, loaned billions to the allies and millions to war industries, helped support the families of soldiers and sailors and aided farmers over periods of financial stringency.

"The payment into the treasury of vast sums in war taxes and from bond sales," said Secretary McAdoo, "and the transformation of our varied and complex economic life to the supreme task of winning the war have been accomplished without shock or financial disturbance. The credit and business structure of the nation remains sound and strong. The results of the four Liberty loans are a tribute to the patriotism of the American people and to the economic strength of the nation."

The report constitutes Secretary McAdoo's final accounting of his stewardship before retiring as the nation's finance minister. Throughout the report, Mr. McAdoo refers repeatedly to the remarkable achievements of America's civilian population in providing the money and materials for war, and acting as the "eager second line of defense."

Commenting on the showing of financial arrangements in great detail by the document, treasury librarians recalled that the financial history of the Civil War in buried in a great stack of musty ledgers, and probably never will be officially compiled.

Cost of the War

For the fifteen months ending last June 30 Secretary McAdoo estimated that the actual cost of the war, with allowances for the government's ordinary expenses in ordinary times, amounted to \$18,233,000,000. Nearly half of this, or \$8,499,000,000, went into permanent investments, in the form of ships, shipyards, war vessels, army camps, buildings, and in loans to allies or to American war industries. Of the year's expenses \$1.6 per cent came from taxation.

The civil establishment of the government during the year spent \$1,507,000,000, while the war department spent \$5,684,000,000 and the navy \$1,363,000,000. For support of the army alone the government paid out \$4,412,000,000. The naval expenditures included the construction of new vessels, machinery, armament, equipment and improvements at navy yards. Total ordinary disbursements for the year amounted to \$8,968,000,000 and ordinary receipts, excluding money received from Liberty loans, amounted to \$4,174,000,000. Loans to allies during the year amounted to \$4,739,000,000 additional.

Looking forward, Secretary McAdoo found great difficulty in forecasting expenditures for the current fiscal year which ends next June 30, on account of the sudden coming of peace. Estimates which he presented are based on calculation of each department in advance of revisions since the signing of the armistice and he does not consider them reliable. With this explanation Mr. McAdoo forecast expenditures for this year at \$20,687,000,000 for government purposes and \$4,375,000,000 for loans to allies and \$2,510,000,000 for redemption of outstanding certificates and other debt cancellation. Total estimated disbursements for the year were \$27,572,000,000.

Against this estimate with actual expenses at the rate of a little more than a billion and a half dollars a month to date, indicate is too high, Mr. McAdoo calculated that the government will receive about \$5,000,000,000 before the end of the fiscal year next June 30, from income and profits taxes, \$1,100,000,000 from other taxes, \$180,000,000 from customs and \$355,000,000 from miscellaneous sources, including \$70,000,000 from increased postage, making estimated receipts from ordinary sources \$6,345,000,000. In addition, he figured roughly on a little more than \$5,000,000,000 from further issues of Liberty bonds and \$1,200,000,000 from war savings. These figures added to receipts from Liberty loan bonds already sold make \$14,545,000,000 the total of popular borrowings expected during the year. On this basis total estimated receipts would be \$21,022,000,000 or \$6,555,000,000 less than tentative estimates of disbursements. Actual developments are expected to change these calculations greatly.

The United States' public debt last June 30 was \$12,356,000,000, without taking into consideration the \$1,315,000,000 free balance in the treasury to partially offset the debt. The public debt has been increased since then by the Fourth Liberty loan of nearly \$7,000,000,000 and by treasury certificates of indebtedness amounting to several hundred million dollars.

The report disclosed for the first time the activities of the treasury's sinking fund to buy up Liberty bonds in an effort to keep their price from falling far below par. Up to November 1, it is shown, \$24,036,500 worth of bonds, face value, had been purchased on the open market for \$22,710,000, or at an average price of about 96 per cent, and subsequently held by the treasury. Of this sum \$12,445,000 were second Liberty loan bonds, of both 1 and 4 1/2 per cent issues; \$70,955,000 were third Liberty loan bonds; and \$556,000 were first Liberty loan converted bonds.

The report also showed that the war finance corporation, up to October 31,

had made loans amounting to \$87,718,000, of which \$29,363,000 had been repaid, leaving advances outstanding \$58,355,000. Most of the loans, or \$64,739,000, went directly to war industries. Public utilities were the principal borrowers, while lumber companies, coal operators, manufacturers and stock raisers rank next in number of applications.

"The magnitude of the work of the capital issues committee was indicated by the report that since its organization last May 17 it has examined nearly 2000 applications from prospective issuers of securities, aggregating about \$2,500,000,000.

"About 20 per cent of these applications were approved," said the report, "and these were mostly of a character involving new extensions which would not be contributory to the winning of the war. The prevention of approximately \$450,000,000 of unnecessary issues which could be postponed was an important contribution to the conservation of the nation's resources."

Would Rush Revenue Bill

Mr. McAdoo took the occasion to emphasize again the importance of hastening enactment of the revenue bill now pending in congress.

"Unless the measure becomes a law in the near future," he said, "it will not be physically possible for the treasury to frame the necessary regulations and to print and distribute the necessary forms before the returns and taxes will be due. The enforcement of the law will necessarily be impeded."

"The wisdom of such action is emphasized by every sound economic consideration and wise tax policy. It is desirable and necessary from the viewpoint of the treasury in condensing the period of readjustment, and from the viewpoint of labor and industry generally."

Mr. McAdoo reviewed the financial practices of the year, including the floating of short term certificates of indebtedness in advance of every Liberty loan to prevent the disturbing of the money market by the loans and to obtain the money needed by the treasury in advance of loan receipts. He said the war savings movement had resulted not only in gathering in \$834,000,000 for war purposes up to November 1, but it had helped to teach the American people thrift and economy.

"This war time experiment has been so successful," he commented, "that it is hoped war savings certificates will become a continuing feature of the nation's financing even after the restoration of peace."

The report explained at length that a feature of the treasury's policy in distributing the \$3,171,000,000 credits to allies during the year, have been to stabilize foreign exchange rates and bring the dollar nearer par in European countries, but did not mention the specific acts undertaken by the treasury to accomplish this. In exchange for credits, France gave the United States credit in France of \$61,275,000 for army purchases. Great Britain established similar credits of \$115,633,000, and Italy \$5,234,000.

Turning to the enormous task of collecting \$3,694,819,000 in taxes during the last fiscal year, or more than four times the record collection of the year previous, the secretary emphasized that this had been accomplished largely through the co-operation of business interests and individual tax payers.

"During the fiscal year 1918," said the report, "the bureau of internal revenue has been able to collect the largest tax ever collected by any country, an amount which represents a larger proportion of the nation's war budget than any other belligerent engaged in the present war has been able to defray from tax revenues."

From would-be tax dodgers the revenue bureau now expected to collect several hundred million additional taxes.

Concerning the tremendous part played by the federal reserve system during the war, Secretary McAdoo had this to say:

"The federal reserve system has permitted the enormous transactions connected with the financing of the war to be carried through without shock or disturbance and its services will not be less important to the government and to the nation in facilitating the readjustment from a war basis to a peace basis and to assist and foster thereafter the development of agriculture, industry and commerce under normal peace conditions."

Mr. McAdoo dealt at length with the accomplishments of the war risk insurance bureau, which has built up an organization of fourteen thousand employees, necessary for the insurance of about a million checks every month to soldiers or their dependents for allotments, allowances, disability compensation and insurance.

"It is certainly one of the greatest business enterprises in the world," he said, "and indubitably the largest life insurance concern on the globe, having nearly \$25,000,000,000 of life insurance in force."

The report discloses that liberty loan conversions have been made as follows: First liberty loan 3 1/2 per cent bonds exchanged for 4 per cent bonds, \$565,320,000; First liberty loan 3 1/2's and 4's exchanged for 4 1/2's, \$193,593,000; second liberty loan 4's exchanged for 4 1/2's, \$1,511,061,000. This indicates that most bond buyers have failed to take advantage of the treasury's offer to convert past issues into bonds bearing a higher rate of interest. It is now too late to convert.

Referring to federal farm loans amounting to \$115,523,000 during the year ending last September 30, the report said: "The existence of this system operated under government supervision, granting long-term loans at reasonable rates of interest, has unquestionably saved the farmers of the United States from many exactions, foreclosures, and denial of financial accommodations during this period. The system has been a harbor of refuge for the borrowing farmer. Through its competition with other loaning agencies it has reduced interest rates almost everywhere in the United States and has saved the farmer in large measure from those financial troubles which otherwise must have beset him. It has constituted the greatest governmental agency for financing the basic industry of the United States—that of agriculture."

The report also dealt with the trea-

Fills Stomach With New Energy

Weak, Worn Out, Gassy, Sour
Stomach Revived and Made to
Enjoy Food With Stuart's
Dyspepsia Tablets

Most of us eat three times a day and often forget that each meal should be disposed of in the stomach to make room for the next. The failure of the stomach to do this is called indigestion or dyspepsia, with its sour eructations, gas, rumblings, pain, depression and the feeling of stiffness when breathing is difficult.

The most effective remedy and the most reliable one, because you can get it at any drug store in the United States or Canada, is Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, at 50 cents a box. Instead of depriving yourself of food or going on a starvation diet, simply keep on as you have and let these tablets straighten out your stomach, digest the food and keep you in the night—Adv.

Stuart's activities in licensing and supervising the liquidation of enemy insurance companies operating in the United States; the public health service's tremendous accomplishments in combating the influenza epidemic and maintaining sanitary conditions about camps; the international high commission's success in promoting uniformity of commercial regulations between the United States and Latin-American countries, and the tasks imposed on the customs service in connection with the policing of harbors during the war.

DRILLING AT ARMOY

Tuesday night is the one night in the week now open for drilling at the armory by the three Lowell state guard companies. This is the result of an order from the office of the adjutant general. The new order of things will continue throughout the winter, and is expected to make a considerable saving in heat and light.

Last night was the initial drill of the companies under the new regulations, and Cos. K, C and G each had the floor for one hour. Next Tuesday night the battalion commander, Maj. Edward Fisher, will hold an inspection, taking each company in its drill hour.

ROSTER OF LOWELL HIGH SCHOOL REGIMENT

The roster of the high school regiment for 1918-19 was announced officially this morning by Headmaster Herbert D. Blahy:

Commanding officer, Col. Cortis M. Rice.
Tactical officer, Lieut. Col. Harris Barber.
Regimental adjutant, Captain Chas. E. Bachelder.
Regimental supply officer, Captain Prescott Wright.
Regimental sergeant major, Harold E. Bowen.
Regimental supply sergeant, Raoul Guimond.

FIRST BATTALION

Major, Stanley Robinson.
Battalion adjutant, Dana K. Hart.
Battalion sergeant major, Christian Christolakes.

Company A—Captain, Eugene A. Dooley; first lieutenant, John A. McGuire; second lieutenant, Bruce E. Kimball; first sergeant, Maurice F. Lawler; sergeants, John Mahoney, William A. Thompson and C. E. Emerson; corporals, R. K. Dexter, Carl P. Turner, John H. Dulligan, Joseph Davies, Fred Ordway and Wayne Jenkins.
Company B—Captain, Paul E. Gallagher; first lieutenant, Edward Sheldon; second lieutenant, Raymond J. Crowley; first sergeant, William W. Logan; sergeants, Leo F. Emoud, Thomas B. Delaney, Carl Laidlaw and Edward Curley; corporals, Earl F. Ireland, Willis E. Wright, James E. Howe, J. Walter Callahan and D. Proupanas.
Company C—Captain, Geo. Lalime; first lieutenant, John Tiffany; second lieutenant, Sterling Pratt; first sergeant, John Harvey; sergeants, Cosias N. Bueabatos, Donald Adams, Matthew Ward and W. F. Donahue; corporals, Ray G. Burger, Arthur Conway, Herman Finton, Rutherford Cobb, Paul Farisky and Frederick Connor.

Company D—Captain, George Smyth; first lieutenant, William Murphy; second lieutenant, J. Herman Parent; first sergeant, Harry L. McDonough; sergeants, Edward Donohue, Raymond Donohue, Victor Vexey and W. J. E. McMaster; corporals, William Shea, Raymond Dugan, Allan Mackenzie, Bernard T. Walton, William H. McCann and Imo Schwartz.

SECOND BATTALION

Major, Wendell Blanchard.
Battalion adjutant, Arthur Reginald Macauley.
Battalion sergeant major, Reginald Macauley.
Company E—Captain, Patrick McInane; first lieutenant, Frank L. Bryant; second lieutenant, Adlai Bourgeois; first sergeant, Philip T. Mulloy; sergeants, Leo T. Shen, Joseph L. Gar-

Fight to Win!

The Nation demands strong men—strong women and robust children. Wisdom suggests that every proper means of safeguarding the vital forces and building up of resistance, be utilized.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

affords definite help to those who are "fighting to win" against the inroads of weakness. Scott's, abundant in tonic-nutrient properties, builds up the body by Nature's methods. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J., 14-14

City, W. L. Thompson and Richard Chase; corporals, Axel Burman, Chas. Ellis, Fred J. Leary, Earl Cameron, Karl L. Marshall and Andrew Feyerell.
Company F—Captain, Myotagh E. McDonagh; first lieutenant, Walter N. Buttrick; second lieutenant, Brock Barling; first sergeant, William Kelley; sergeants, Torsten H. Reenstieona, Timothy P. Keefe, Francis Leary and S. O'Toole; corporals, Arthur Booth, Lester Duncan, Arthur J. Riley, Philip Mullane, Norman Olsen and James Moore.

Company G—Captain, Bertrand McKittrick; first lieutenant, Doria Normandin; second lieutenant, Homer Bourgeois; first sergeant, Nicholas V. Kephallasi; sergeants, Rufus E. Corlew, G. A. Gagan, Edward Ziskind and Carroll Fuller; corporals, John L. Cahill, James Byrne, Harold Gordon, Ernest T. Anderson and G. E. Rickel, Jr.

Company H—Captain, Edwin Markham; first lieutenant, Joseph Geary; second lieutenant, Edward G. Bell; first sergeant, Douglas Walker; sergeants, Eli N. Rosier, Henry Adams, Norman L. Willard and Leslie Ackinson; corporals, Emelian Leilane, John J. Sullivan, Warren Nelson, Joseph Crowe, Edward Cassidy and Harold Berry.

ST. PATRICK'S BOYS ACADEMY ALUMNI

The annual reunion and banquet for the members of St. Patrick's Boys' academy alumni will take place on the evening of Dec. 31 at the school hall in Suffolk street, so it was decided at

DRY FEET

Keep your shoes from absorbing water by giving them one or two coats of

VISCOL

Preserves the leather and keeps it soft and pliable and gives it longer life.

20c Per Can

Adams Hardware AND PAINT CO.

Middlesex St., Near Depot

a meeting of the alumni, which was held last evening with President John J. Flannery in the chair. The matter of speakers for the event was discussed at length and it was the consensus of opinion that Rev. Bro. Osmund, former director of the school and now located at St. John's Prep. school at Danvers, be one of the speakers and a guest of honor at the festivities.

The following committees were appointed at last evening's meeting: Dr. Richard J. McCluskey, James F. Hennessy, Rev. Bro. Nilus, guests: Paul Dineen, Lickels, M. Smith, John P. Golden and M. Gillogly, catering: John Stapleton, Peter Gill and Henry Conley, entertainment. The next meeting will be held Thursday, Dec. 12.

BURNS PROVE FATAL

Mrs. John Paton of 1 Dalton place off West Third street, who was severely burned yesterday afternoon while attempting to light a fire in her stove with the aid of kerosene, died at St.

Don't Come Out

We have recently unearthed a particularly fine lot of French and Japanese tooth brushes that look good. The importer from whom we purchased these brushes had bought the goods some time ago, securing a much better figure than the present day prices.

Our prices while a little above those of the pre-war days, are a whole lot better than we have seen elsewhere. They range from 25c to 40c for the Jap. goods and 35c to 50c for the French, and the bristles are in to stay.

Store closes at 12.30 today; open all day Thursday.

HOWARD The Druggist,
197 Central St.

John's hospital at 5 o'clock last night. Mr. Paton, who received burns about the hands while attempting to put out the flames, was able to return to his home late yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Paton was 73 years of age.

LICENSE COMMISSION

At a regular meeting of the license commission held last evening action was taken on the following minor licenses:

Surrendered and cancelled: Common victualler—George K. Reade, 309 Middlesex street; William Major, 3 Aiken avenue; Roy G. Smalley, 147 Market street. Billiards and pool—John Jaracz, 169 Lakeview avenue.

Granted: Common victualler—Benjamin K. Gilpatrick, 147 Market street; Frederick Ellis, 3 Aiken avenue; Arthur Valfrades, 309 Middlesex street. Billiards and pool—Frank W. Wodnicki, 69 Lakeview avenue. Express (two)—Cornelius H. O'Leary, 473 School street.

Grip Left You With an Achy Back?

"Every Picture
Tells a Story"



troubles. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS are always in unusual demand after grip epidemics, as so many people have learned their reliability. DOAN'S are used the world over. They are recommended by your own friends and neighbors.

Read These Lowell Cases:

CROWLEY STREET

Capt. W. A. Dolan, city fireman, 56 Crowley st., says: "I have taken Doan's Kidney Pills off and on for several years. I have suffered with my kidneys mostly when I have caught cold which has settled on my back. There has usually been a constant aching there and my back has been very stiff and sore. I have bought Doan's Kidney Pills at McEvoy's Drug Store and they have given me relief. I have confidence in Doan's as I know they are reliable."

AGAWAM STREET

Mrs. George Pike, 105 Agawam st., says: "I suffered from a weakness and dull aching across my back and I felt dull and tired, especially in the morning. I had frequent headaches and spells of dizziness annoyed me. My kidneys didn't act right at all. I had heard of Doan's Kidney Pills helping others, so I got some at the Riker-Huganum Co.'s Drug Store. Doan's soon rid me of the aching across my back and the other symptoms of kidney trouble."

CHELMSFORD STREET

Mrs. Minnie L. Earle, 104 Chelmsford st., says: "I had been troubled quite a bit with my back. There was a dull, constant aching. Doan's rid me of that so well the first time I took them. I have never had nearly as much trouble in that way since." (Statement given October 28, 1914.) On May 8, 1917, Mrs. Earle said: "I have had little need to use Doan's Kidney Pills lately, except when a cold has settled on my kidneys. Doan's have proven just the thing to relieve it."

HALE STREET

Mrs. Leo Mills, 230 Hale st., says: "My kidneys were in a weak condition and I suffered from dull, nagging backaches. I could get no rest in any position due to the dull hurting in my back. Mornings I got up feeling worn out and my kidneys acted irregularly. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me right away and I was soon free from all signs of kidney trouble."

HASTINGS STREET

H. S. Gardner, city fireman, 8 Hastings st., gave the following account of his experience with Doan's Kidney Pills on October 29, 1914: "I suffered a long time. There was a dull, constant throbbing ache across the small of my back. I found it hard to do any lifting or bending. My back was stiff and sore. The kidney secretions were too free in passage and caused me much annoyance. Doan's Kidney Pills rid me of all the trouble at that time. I have never had much bother since, as my kidneys have been kept in good order by an occasional use of Doan's."

POND STREET

W. T. Foss, city fireman, 37 Pond street, says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as a medicine of merit, for by using them occasionally, I have kept my kidneys in good condition. My kidneys have caused me to suffer a great deal, especially when I have taken cold. Doan's Kidney Pills have never failed to help me when I have had one of those attacks and I would not be without them."

Doan's Kidney Pills

Every Druggist has Doan's, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Manufacturing Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

WHO READS THE SUN?

When, as was said yesterday, The Sun "sets the stage" for the merchant to display his ad, what kind of an audience, how large an audience, sees the ad?

Ah, now comes the subject of circulation. The Sun circulates in Lowell among people who read its ads. They live, work and spend their money here. They must work for their money, spend it to live and they depend on Sun ads to select best values. This is the kind of an audience The Sun gives its advertisers, a city full of industrious workers and spenders.

How large an audience? The city is distracted with an agent in charge of each district who wholesales the papers to boy carriers. The boys are hustlers. They are constantly helping your ad because the more homes the boy can get the paper into, the more money he earns. Much is said about "home circulation." The Sun has it.

If The Sun were bragging about its circulation, the figures would not include four or five thousand papers mailed daily to persons living at a distance and who could never, even potentially, be regarded as buyers in Lowell stores. Ninety-five per cent of The Sun circulation is among Lowell people. This paper is taking itself to a money spending audience to see the ads it carries.

At the gates of every industry in this great workshop city, Sun newsboys are found when the thousands stream out at the end of the day's work. Remember that The Sun goes home with the worker. He cannot possibly read more than a fraction of its contents even if he is a commuter. His wife orders him to bring it home and he obeys the order.

Your ad is the program of your "show." You can "bill your show" at the time these thousands of readers want to be interested, that is, if your ad is in

THE SUN

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper



THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

President Wilson's message to congress on the eve of his departure for Europe to attend the peace conference, was a dignified discourse reviewing the noble part the nation has taken in the war, the unity of effort and sublime purpose that made possible the glorious achievements of our army and navy, and pointing out some of the more pressing needs of readjustment to peace under normal industrial conditions.

He certainly disabused the public mind of the idea so assiduously disseminated by republicans that he had assumed autocratic authority and was maintaining it even after peace had been proclaimed. When the president told his audience that he is the servant of the nation and that he is going to Europe to maintain at the peace table what our soldiers had shed their blood for, he dumfounded his critics and hence the threatened heckling by republicans did not take place.

His statement that he had seized the cables and wireless stations in order that he might keep congress fully informed on the proceedings of the peace conference was a further surprise that simply swept the ground from beneath the feet of the critics who assailed him for ignoring congress and leaving its members uninformed as to the course of events at Versailles. It also proved that those who had charged him with promoting state socialism in seizing the cables, were drawing freely upon their imagination. When informed as to the real object of the seizure, they stood silent and confounded.

On the question of readjustment the president gave congress something sufficient to engage its attention until he returns and perhaps much longer. In both houses, he had been criticized for not proposing measures of readjustment although on other occasions, congress rather resented the president's interference with the course of legislation. In a few brief paragraphs he brought to the attention of congress, three of the main questions involved in the great task now before the nation, namely, that of getting back to peace conditions.

The first of these was the problem of properly providing for the employment of the soldiers on their return. On this he favored the plan outlined and already under way for the reclamation of waste lands in various parts of the country, a movement which if properly conducted would add 300,000,000 acres to the area of land under cultivation in the United States. In addition he recommended the starting up of necessary public works in order to afford employment for soldiers or others who might be temporarily left unemployed as a result of the transition to pre-war conditions.

The second important question was that of removing the uncertainty as to what is coming—something that has always operated against the steady drive ahead by the industries. Ask the mill agents of Lowell what it is today that hampers them most. They will reply, not the high price of cotton, not high wages, not a lack of skilled operatives, but uncertainty as to the future—uncertainty as to what is

coming, uncertainty as to freight rates, tariff, export conditions and other questions which are now in the air, so to speak.

In order to overcome this uncertainty so far as may be, President Wilson has suggested the immediate determination of taxes and imposts, not only for the present year, but for 1919 and 1920. On this point the republicans have already put up a vigorous fight, claiming that the determination of the taxes for 1920 should be left to the new congress coming in March 4, 1919, with a republican majority. Here it appears, that the republicans, while claiming to be working for the speedy return of normal conditions, are actually fighting to continue the present uncertainty, which results in retarding business.

But the railroad problem as the president put it to congress, is the most important of all. He pointed out that the government is ready to return the railroads to private ownership, but before doing so it is necessary to formulate some program or system to remedy the old conditions which maintained restraint without freedom or development. He admitted that he had himself no specific program to offer in regard to the railroads, except that in a general way there might be a pool of regional interests in order to relieve the systems of the evils resulting from having each company operate its lines as an independent system. The president pointed out very plainly that to return the roads to be managed in the same way as before the war, would be unjust to the public and the owners alike. By this the president meant to condemn the conditions under which the railroads were subject to the authority of forty-eight states and also to that of the interstate commission, compelled to operate under a confused mass of regulations that it is practically impossible to comply with and at the same time render satisfactory service to the public. The president suggested that congress formulate some modified plan of government control, under private ownership, intimating that the roads may be returned to the owners sooner than contemplated if congress can devise a system of control that will insure general efficiency and a fair return to the stockholders.

In these problems congress has an opportunity to show its ability without any interference from the president. It will no longer have any reason to complain that the president is "encroaching upon the legitimate functions of congress."

The public will now await the action of congress in regard to these important questions. The railroads may now look to congress rather than to President Wilson or Director McAdoo for release from government ownership.

Determined always to assail the president, regardless of what he does, the republicans now complain that he has left the country in the dark as to what measures he means to advocate at the peace conference. They seem to assume that President Wilson can never safely be relied upon to represent the nation without first receiving instruction from such ranting, blatant diatribes as Senator Sherman of Illinois, who, in his scurrility,

has insulted the whole nation as well as the president. To announce in advance what he means to do or say at the peace conference would be a gross breach of diplomatic etiquette that would place the president on the level of the republican demagogues who assail him.

EDUCATIONAL BILL

The state board of education has come out strongly in favor of a bill now before congress, providing for an appropriation of \$100,000,000 annually to be distributed by the federal department of education, among the different states, for aiding various educational movements deemed very important and which cannot be efficiently conducted throughout the nation without federal assistance.

The bill provides that each state receiving part of this appropriation must raise an equal amount for the same purposes, the money to be spent as specified in the bill.

The state of Massachusetts, for example, would be entitled to \$3,169,842.26 annually under this measure, and would have to raise a like sum to be spent as directed. The whole amount thus provided would be expended for five purposes, as follows:

Removal of illiteracy	\$4,487.04
Americanization of immigrants	1,175,761.96
Equalizing educational opportunities	2,808,811.16
Physical and health education	1,464,300.95
Better and more teacher-preparation	\$42,873.40

The government's experience during the war has emphasized the necessity of some such action in order to overcome illiteracy and to promote the Americanization of foreigners coming to our shores. The census of 1915 showed that we have 11,747 illiterates in Massachusetts. With the sum set aside for this purpose, illiteracy would probably be wiped out in this state in ten years. The same census indicated that there were 1,059,245 immigrants in the state, a large proportion of whom were unable to read or write English. In the matter of Americanization, it is necessary to overcome this drawback and induce the immigrants to acquire the use of the English tongue as soon as possible after coming here.

There is a great inequality of educational opportunities throughout the country which it is also intended to overcome. People who reside in small towns or villages in sparsely settled districts, very often suffer from the lack of educational institutions within reachable distance. The measure now before congress aims at assisting such communities to obtain educational facilities equal to those of larger cities. Statistics show that in Iowa, there is one teacher for every \$1.52 persons; in Louisiana, one for every 240 persons, while the ratio throughout the country is one to every 163.9 persons. Yet, in Massachusetts, there is but one teacher for every 192 persons.

The examinations conducted by the exemption boards during the war, have shown that a vast number of men are unfit for service on account of physical defects which

might easily be overcome by physical training or medical treatment. It appears that 29 per cent of the total number actually examined by local boards were rejected on account of physical defects. It appears therefore, that the economic loss due to preventable illness is not less than 10 per cent of our total production. These are but a few of the reasons urged in support of the measure now before congress. The bill is one that would accomplish a vast amount of good for each state individually, and for the nation as a whole. It is one that should receive the earnest support of our congressmen and senators, as well as all educational bodies throughout the country.

The removal of illiteracy and the movement for the rapid assimilation of immigrants so that they may become loyal and patriotic citizens, is one of extreme importance. We have seen the danger of allowing foreigners of all classes to come here and maintain their racial customs, using their own language in segregated groups without any attempt to assume the duties and responsibilities of citizenship. When immigrants come here in future, the government is going to find out whether they are such as to give promise of their becoming law abiding citizens. If not, they may be deported, as the United States is no longer to be made the refuge for anarchists, social revolutionists and Bolshevik agitators. One great aim of the bill we have just described is, to combat these dangerous elements, and for that reason alone it should receive general support.

A Washington report says that when the president reached the part of his speech where he said, "I shall count on your friendly countenance and encouragement," Senator Lodge leaned over and nudged his neighbor, Senator Martin, in a sly way, full of meaning. Both senators could understand. Nothing very statesmanlike about this, despite the fact that some of the good old republican papers always refer to Lodge as the "statesman-historian." Senator Lodge needs to be reminded that perhaps the day David L. Walsh defeated Sen. Weeks, probably many of the voters in Massachusetts nudged each other and had their sly little joke that Lodge would be next.

The mayor of New York seems to be getting in awfully wrong with the New York World. Nearly every state in the union was willing to contribute towards the federal plan of decorating Fifth avenue for the parade of the returning troops. Mayor Hylan said, "No, New York can pay for her own decorations and she will." Whereupon the World said, "Our mayor is an authority on military affairs, jellyfish, education, milk, coal, employment on the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and ought easily to qualify as a decorative expert." But the World at this time failed to express its opinion as to the ability of His Honor in governing a big city.

Does Lowell want Lawrence to have anything on her in respect to

the honor she pays to her living as well as her dead soldier boys in the great war? There has been much talking, much has been written, and there have been many plans proposed in this city towards erecting a suitable memorial to honor our heroes. Action so far is lacking. Monday of this week, Lawrence took active preliminary steps to collect a fund to build a soldiers' and sailors' memorial. If Lowell gets around to follow the example of Lawrence, of course, whatever is built will commemorate the heroism and bravery of both the soldiers and sailors from this city who unhesitatingly offered their all.

His allusion to women's part in the war was not the first time the president has paid suitable and eloquent tribute to the worth of women's character and of the credit coming to them for participation in war work, in particular. The president is an avowed supporter of equal suffrage. Sooner or later, the south and the east will agree with President Wilson on this proposition and let the women vote if they want to. Equal suffrage is now a proposition on which, as a state, you have the privilege of writing it into your history that you endowed your women with the vote or have it written that, after a majority of the states has voted for equal suffrage, your state was forced in like a stubborn and, possibly, ignorant child.

Millions of people in America now know, by means of the publicity attached to the adventures, of Actor Nat Goodwin, that he has had during his career, an "eye for the women." His five marriages, none of them permanently happy, testify to this fact. But now, this excellent actor this week has had to submit to the operation of having one of his eyes removed. It had been injured by a poisonous eye wash the actor had used. Thousands of playgoers will sympathize with Mr. Goodwin in the loss of one of his eyes. He is an old actor now, but the art of his impersonations is at its ripest, most enjoyable cycle, for drama lovers to enjoy.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN

Clothesline thieves are getting in their work again in different parts of the city. I hear, Barber Daniel Barry who presides skillfully over one of the chairs in the barber shop on the first floor of The Sun building was reciting the details of an assault, he says took place recently on the clotheslines of his back yard yesterday forenoon, when I was in his place of business getting shaved. Daniel said that he had occasion to look out into his back yard one evening and observed the flashing of a pocket searchlight in and out of the clothing hung on the lines. He avers that some unknown person or persons were bent on doing a thorough job of going through the family laundry and stealing articles suitable for winter wear and which could be sold. At the time two highly prized personal possessions in the shape of two silk shirts were hanging on the line so that the moment appeared to be full of responsibility. But it is pleasant to relate that when Mr. Barry appeared on the park stoop accompanied by a suitable amount of noise, the clothes thieves

Clothes! Clothes! Clothes!

Overcoats and Warm Clothes for Little Boys and Big Boys

Everything that's smart and trig and snappy in newest styles and patterns. You can depend on our splendid service and last of all tailoring that imparts the distinctive air for which our Boys' Clothes are famous.



LITTLE BOYS' OVERCOATS

Wool khaki and mixtures, full or half belted back, newest pockets, sizes 3 years to 10.....\$5, \$8, \$10, \$12 and up to \$20

LITTLE BOYS' ALL WOOL SUITS

For boys 3 years to 9, in blue, brown and mode corduroys, blue and green serges, velvets and neat Shepherd checks. From standpoint of style, service, value and assortment, these suits outrank any sold elsewhere. Middy and Junior Norfolk types, \$5, \$6, \$8, \$10 and up to \$20

BIG BOYS' ALL WOOL OVERCOATS

For boys 9 years to 13, pliable as well as durable fabrics. Perfect counterpart of the overcoats turned out by exclusive tailors for the young man's father. Popular now are Military Ulsterettes and Dress Models.....\$15, \$18, \$20, \$25

BOYS' MACKINAWs

9 years to 17, in all the new models and attractive colorings, also the new Khaki Reefer cut on the popular Military style, \$8, \$9, \$10 up to \$15

BOYS' SWEATERS

—Heavy all wool Sweaters, plain or military—brown maroon, oxford and khaki.....\$2.50 to \$7.00

MUNSING UNION SUITS

—for boys and children, best fitting and best wearing suits made.....90¢ to \$3.00

KNICKER TROUSERS

—sizes 7 years to 18, nice wool chevrons, full lined. Special price.....\$1.25

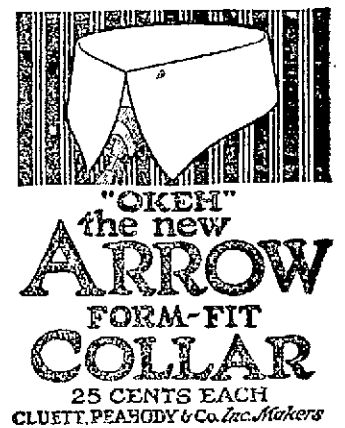
Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET

went away in a hurry. A number of other similar cases have been reported and my tip to the women readers of The Sun is not to let nightfall find the family wash outside the house.

You mightn't think that one single, solitary man in Lowell could be found who would say a good word for the former Kaiser. I know one. I came near printing his name, but it wouldn't do. This is a time when persons willing to say something good for Count Hohenzollern cannot expect to find themselves in good favor. This man is in business on one of our side streets and when he told me what he did the other day about the numerous times he had seen Wilhelm on the streets of Berlin and how pleasant a monarch he seemed to be, my tailor friend was of course alluding to Wilhelm and how he looked before the great war showed up his wickedness. This man said to me, "I think I have seen the Kaiser on the streets of Berlin at least a hundred times. He always seemed to be interested in the children and to want them to like him. He was always surrounded by a group of them when I saw him and he would give them candy and presents and try to be nice

to them. He had a small escort of course, but no special pains seemed to have been taken to guard him." This was the kind of an emperor probably the German people hoped they had. The past four years though, have proven the difference.



GET RID OF YOUR FAT

Thousands of others have gotten rid of theirs WITHOUT DIETING OR EXERCISING often at the rate of over a pound a day and WITHOUT PAYMENT until reduction has taken place.



I am a licensed practicing physician and personally select the treatment for each individual case, thus enabling me to choose remedies that will produce not only a loss of weight harmlessly, but which will also relieve you of all the troublesome symptoms of overweightness such as shortness of breath, palpitation, indigestion, rheumatism, gout, asthma, kidney trouble and various other afflictions which often accompany overweightness.

My treatment will relieve that depressed, tired, sleepy feeling, giving you renewed energy and vigor, a result of the loss of your superfluous fat.

You are not required to change in the slightest from your regular mode of living. There is no dieting or exercising. It is simple, easy and pleasant to take.

If you are overstocked do not postpone but sit down right now and send for my FREE TRIAL TREATMENT and my plan whereby I am to be PAID ONLY AFTER REDUCTION HAS TAKEN PLACE if you so desire. DR. R. NEWMAN, Licensed Physician State of New York 286 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y. Desk M-513

STAND BY OUR ALLIES

Roosevelt Says U. S. Has
Not Done Nearly as Much
as Allies to Beat Germany

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Asserting that the United States had not done nearly so much as the British navy and the British, French and Italian armies to bring about the downfall of Germany, Theodore Roosevelt declared in a statement here last night that it is "our business to stand by our allies at the peace conference."

He said "it has been constantly conceded that Great Britain needs the world's most powerful navy, and that it is 'nonsense' to say the American army was fighting for President Wilson's famous 'fourteen points.' It made the assertion 'there was not one American soldier in every thousand who ever heard of them.'"

"The British empire imperatively needs the greatest navy in the world, and this we should instantly concede," said the colonel. "Our needs for a great navy comes next to hers, and we should have the second navy in the world. Similarly, France needs greater military strength than we do, but we should have all our young men trained to arms, on the general lines of the Swiss system."

"The 'freedom of the seas' is a phrase that may mean anything or nothing. If it is to be interpreted as Germany interprets it, it is thoroughly mischievous. There must be no interpretation of the phrase that would prevent the English navy, in the event of any future war, from pre-empting the tremendous service it has rendered in this war."

"The British must, of course, keep the colonies they have conquered. 'As for this nation, it must keep its absolute economic independence and raise or lower its economic barriers as its interests demand, for we have to look after the welfare of our own workmen. We must insist on the preservation of the Monroe Doctrine. We must keep the right to close the Panama canal to our enemies in wartime, and we must not undertake to interfere in European, Asiatic or African matters with which we ought to have properly no concern.'"

FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS
TO MAINTAIN PEACE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Creation of a league of nations to maintain peace—not a super-government to dominate and interfere with the nations' internal affairs, but a world tribunal for arbitration of international disputes with enlightened public opinion a large factor in enforcing its decrees, was advocated by Senator Kellogg of Minnesota, republican, in an address today in the senate.

He expressed regret at what he characterized as the lack of disposition of President Wilson to deal more frankly with the people and the senate regarding his views on problems coming before the peace conference. Pointing out that a league of nations to stop all wars had been a "favorite theme for discussion by benevolent publicists and statesmen for 2000

years," Senator Kellogg said that his failure to date need not be discouraging and that public sentiment had advanced until an international alliance for maintenance of peace now might be considered feasible.

"I believe the time has come," he said, "to try to establish a league to prevent war and to enforce peace, which may not be entirely preventative, but, backed by a world public sentiment, will have a tremendous influence toward maintaining just and equitable relations between nations and preventing the horrors of war."

"But I am not in favor of an impracticable, I might say, an impossible scheme that I believe rests in the brain of the dreamer and the womb of the far-distant future. No league of nations can succeed unless it is originated in and sustained by an honest public sentiment of the peoples involved and unless the governments joining in such a league are responsive as the people. These conditions exist today to a greater extent than ever before."

PRIV. EDWARD SHANLEY
WOUNDED IN ACTION

Mrs. Mary A. Moran received word today that her nephew, Private Edward J. Shanley, had been wounded in action, degree undetermined. The news came in the form of a telegram from Adj.-Gen. Harris of the war department.

Through other sources, Mrs. Moran has learned that Private Shanley was wounded and passed on Oct. 20. He formerly lived at 126 Gorham st. and is a member of the 102d Field Artillery.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS
BY LOWELL EAGLES

The election of officers for the Lowell Aerie of Eagles was held yesterday at the rooms of the organization in the Harrington building in Central street, but owing to the large number of votes cast it was not until this morning that the final result was announced. The aerie has a membership of over 2000 and of that close to 900 called at the "polls" between 12 o'clock noon yesterday and midnight and deposited their ballots.

The result of the election is as follows: David J. Hackett, worthy president; James Rowen, worthy vice president; John M. Moran, secretary; William A. Mack, treasurer; John J. Driscoll, trustee for three years; Jas. Roarke, worthy chaplain; Thomas Collins, inside guard and Robert Armstrong, outside guard.

ALLIED COMMENT ON
WILSON'S SPEECH

LONDON, Dec. 4.—President Wilson's address to the American congress was extensively commented upon by this morning's newspapers.

The Morning Post, while paying tribute in the warmest terms to him and to American co-operation in the war, insists upon the importance of the exact relation of the 14 points to the peace settlement being understood. It thinks the points were accepted too hastily by the allied governments. It relies, however, upon his definition of them as an outline of the basis of peace and regards them as "a serviceable instrument with which to begin the work of securing peace," everything depending upon their interpretation and application.

The Daily News asks anxiously for evidence of the acceptance of the spirit of the 14 points, the letter of which was accepted, with one exception, by the allies, and deplores "the ominous absence of any considered or worthy reference to the supreme issue before the world" in the coalition government's appeal to the electorate of Great Britain. It accuses Premier

Lloyd George of appealing to the mob instinct, talks of underground machinations to establish conscription in Great Britain and then asks if the omens are better in France and Italy.

French Comment
PARIS, Dec. 4.—The Paris newspapers print the principal passages of President Wilson's message to congress and special writers comment favorably.

The Figaro gives this reason for not printing the full text:

"The length of the document makes publication of the text impossible. Besides it is addressed, as is natural, more particularly to the American people."

Julien Sorel, writing in the Oul. says:

"If President Wilson's speech brings us no new information on international policy, it gives us suggestions which may serve the allied governments in approaching the difficult questions of demobilization which none had foreseen."

POLISH GOVERNMENT'S
ULTIMATUM TO HUNS

GENEVA, Dec. 4.—(Havas)—The Polish government has sent an ultimatum to Germany asking for the immediate evacuation of Polish territory by German soldiers who are said to have been committing atrocities, according to the Geneva Journal. If the German answer is not satisfactory, it is added, "most energetic measures" will be taken by the Poles.

FUNERAL NOTICES

LIBBY—Died in this city, Dec. 4, at his home, 35 Adams st., Oliver A. Libby, aged 69 years, 1 mo., 6 days. Funeral services will be held from his home, 359 Stevens street, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Black.

LOWE—Died December 3rd, in this city, Mrs. Nellie V. Lowe, aged 77 years, 3 months and 3 days, at her home, 555 Middlesex street. Private funeral services will be held at 555 Middlesex street Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers George W. Healey.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned, take this method of expressing our sincere thanks to those who by their acts of kindness, offerings of floral tributes and of spiritual bouquets and expressions of condolence served to lighten the burden of our sorrow on the death of our beloved brother and son. Such evidence of true friendship we will ever cherish in grateful remembrance.
MRS. MARGARET SMITH and Family.

DEATHS

MARTIN—Mr. Fred E. Martin passed away this morning at his home, 12 Forrest street, after a long illness, at the age of 50 years, 10 months and 2 days. He is survived by his wife, Rosalie; two sons, Herbert and Robert Martin of this city; three sisters, Mrs. Irving Halloran of Syracuse, N. Y., Mrs. E. T. Bone of Detroit, and Mrs. M. E. Lobdell of Plattsburg, N. Y.; one brother, Albert Martin of Pittsfield, Mass. Mr. Martin had been a resident of this city for about 11 years. Funeral notice later.

MURPHY—Mrs. Mary E. Murphy died yesterday at 75 Park street, Brookline, where she had made her home for the past seven years. Mrs. Murphy was a native of Lowell. She had been a widow for 28 years. Her maiden name was Freeman, and her father was of an old Charlestown family. For a number of years Mrs. Murphy was a resident of the South End, the family home having been in Greenwich park.

LOWE—Mrs. Nellie V. Lowe died yesterday at her home, 555 Middlesex street, aged 77 years, 3 months and 3 days. She is survived by two sons, Sylvanus E. Hineckley of Brockton, and Nathaniel W. Lowe of this city.

FUNERALS

MULLIGAN—The funeral of the late Mrs. Sarah Mulligan took place this morning at 8 o'clock from her home, 48

ASK FOR and GET
Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
For Infants and Invalids
OTHERS ARE IMITATIONS

THE JAMES CO

MERRIMACK STREET, COR. OF PALMER

Get the Bargain Basement Habit

—The Big, New, Busy Bargain Basement rapidly getting settled down to real business.

—The first four days since its inception have been remarkable for many things.

—The response of the public to the first offerings in the Bargain Basement have been much greater than we anticipated, which proves that our prices must be right.

—Get the habit of walking through the Bargain Basement every day or so. There will be dozens of new specials placed on sale. Many of them, because they are small lots, will not be advertised.

—It is important that you remember that our pledge of truthfulness in our advertising will be carried out to the fullest meaning in all Bargain Basement advertising.



READY THURSDAY MORNING

—A HUNDRED NEW—

Silk, Serge, Satin and Georgette
DRESSES, at \$9.98

—Ready with 100 of the handsomest dresses ever brought to this town to sell at double our sale price.

—There are so many different styles included in this lot that we will not describe them.

—However, every dress is a new one, and worth from 50% to 100% more than we offer them for tomorrow.

—All sizes from 14 to 40.

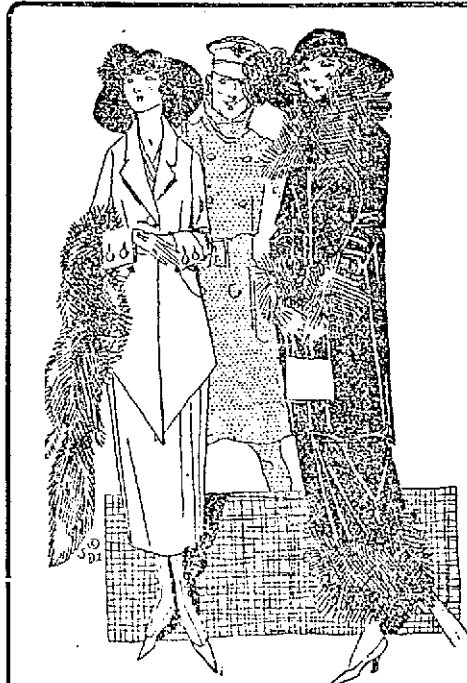
—Be here early for best selections.

GET THE BARGAIN BASEMENT HABIT

EPILEPTIC
ATTACKS
Have Been
STOPPED
For Over 50 Years

by DR. KLINE'S EPILEPTIC
REMEDY. It is a rational and remarkably successful treatment for Epilepsy (Falling Sickness) and Kindred Nervous Derangements. Get or order it at any Drug Store—

Send for our
valuable book
on Epilepsy. It is
FREE
Dr. R.H. Kline Co., DEPT. B,
RED BANK, N.J.



A Very Special Suit Opportunity Comes to
You Today and Thursday

186 WOMEN'S AND MISSES'

SUITS

Made of the famous Silvertone material, also Broadcloth and Velour. The newest and most distinct models. Made to sell at \$35.00, \$39.75 and \$50.00. Some plain tailored, others with shawl fur collars and trimmings. Colors—Brown, Burgundy, New Taupe, Pekin, Navy, Green and Black. Choice

\$19, \$27, \$35

You are profiting by conditions over which manufacturers had no control. We advise your selection as the values are so wonderful.

VISIT OUR FUR DEPT.—Second Floor

P. S.—Our Fur Coats have caught the town. Natural Raccoon Coats today at \$150.00 are a good buy.

300 Coats at \$35.00

Big fur collars, in finest Silvertone, Bolivia, Crystal Cord and Velours: \$45.00, \$50.00 and \$55.00 Coats that cannot be replaced. During this sale choose at..... \$35.00

OPEN THURSDAY ALL DAY DURING DECEMBER

Cherry & Webb

12-18 JOHN STREET

Andover street, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The funeral cortege proceeded to the Immaculate Conception church where, at 9 o'clock, a funeral mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Owen McQuaid, O.M.I. The choir sang the Gregorian chant, the solos being sustained by Miss Lena McQuaid, Charles P. Smith and John J. Dalton. Mrs. Hugh Walker presided at the organ. There were many beautiful flowers, and a great number of spiritual offerings. The bearers were John Foye, James Foye, George Gallagher, Thomas Brennan, Patrick Mulligan and Michael Monahan. Burial took place in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Owen McQuaid, O.M.I. The funeral arrangements were in charge of M. H. McDonough Sons.

MCDERMOTT—The funeral of Mrs. Margaret McDermott took place this morning at 8:30 from the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Lester, 37 Tyler street. At 9 o'clock at St. Peter's church a requiem mass was sung by Rev. D. J. Heffernan. The Gregorian chant was sung by the choir. The bearers were Miss May Ryan and James E. Donnelly. Miss Gertrude M. Quigley was the organist. The bearers were James Ahearn, Henry Hogan, Thomas Shea, John O'Day, Patrick McDermott, Frank Carrigan. The funeral was largely attended. There were a large number of floral offerings and spiritual bouquets. The burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the final prayers were read by Rev. D. J. Heffernan. The funeral arrangements were under the direction of Undertakers Charles H. Molloy Sons.

DEMONTE—The funeral of Oliver Demont took place this morning from the home of his son, 35 Sarah avenue. A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Jean Baptiste church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Charles Denison, O. M. I., assisted by Rev. Armand Barron, O. M. I., as deacon, and Rev. J. A. Nolin, O. M. I., as sub-deacon. The bearers were Joseph Martin, Germain Ouellette, Rustan Bissonnette, Noe Rev. Fr. Theobald, Gustave Perron and Isidore Lacombe. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Charles Denison, O. M. I. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Amodee Archambault & Sons.

WELCH—The funeral of Miss Lillian Welch took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her mother, Mrs. Winifred Welch, 40 West Fourth st., and was largely attended. The bearers were Harold Dacey, Thomas Gallagher, Frank Reilly, Charles Proutier, Edward Reilly and Thomas Tocher. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where Rev. Fr. Theobald read the committal prayers. Undertakers C. H. Molloy Sons had charge of the funeral arrangements.

MAGDOON—The funeral of Adella A.

Magdoon took place yesterday from her home in Beverly. The body was brought to this city and at the Edison cemetery, at the services at the grave. Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck had charge of the funeral arrangements here.

AIRCRAFT OFFICERS ARE
PARDONED BY WILSON

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. G. Vincent and George W. Mixer, army officers named by Chas. E. Hughes in his report on the aircraft investigation, as having been guilty of transacting business with private concerns in which they were financially interested, have been pardoned by President Wilson.

This announcement was made last night at the White House.

It was announced at the executive

office yesterday that the president had pardoned Lieut.-Col. George Mixer and Lieut.-Col. J. G. Vincent, whom the recent report on aircraft production showed to be technically guilty because of a breach of statute, because he entirely concurs in the views of the attorney-general with regard to these two cases. He believes that the two gentlemen concerned were entirely innocent of any improper or selfish intentions; that their guilt was only technical, and that their services to the government, which have been of highest value and of the most distinguished sort, deserve a most cordial recognition.

No action against Colonel Vincent or Colonel Mixer has been taken by the department of justice, and the granting of full pardons to them was recommended to the president by Attorney General Gregory, who took up their cases, in separate letters to the president.

These letters were made public last night.

Colonel Vincent was vice-president of the Packard Motor Car company and was one of the designers of the Liberty motor.

HIS HAND CRUSHED
Perefa Melli, of 7 Summer street, who is employed as an operative at the Boot mill, sustained a badly crushed hand while operating her machine a few minutes before the noon hour today. The ambulance was called and the injured woman was taken to the Corporation hospital, and afterwards to her home.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

BOSTON LADIES' OUTFITTERS

94 Merrimack Street

45 and 49 Middle Street

LOWELL, MASS.

Greater Values
Than Ever

STORE OPEN ALL DAY THURSDAY

NEW ENGLAND NAMES ON THE CASUALTY LIST

The casualty list published today does not contain the names of any Lowell fighters.

Killed in Action
Cor. Raymond C. Gilbert, 35 Oread st., Worcester, Mass.
Pr. Harry G. Decker, Oakland, Me.
Pr. William A. Miller, 210 Pauline st., Waltham, Mass.
Pr. Raymond S. Sola, 53 Oak av., Torrington, Conn.

Died from Wounds
Lt. Robert A. Lawton, Quincy, Mass.
Ser. John C. Clune, 14 Vernon st., Brattleboro, Vt.

Ser. Alexander A. MacDonald, 35 Hawley st., Roxbury, Mass.
Cor. William J. Daly, 561 Fairmount st., Fitchburg, Mass.

Cor. Andrew P. MacLaughlin, 66 Cedar st., Waltham, Mass.
Cor. Harry Ruzensky, 39 Providence st., Worcester, Mass.

Cor. Thos. P. Durymple, 4 Austin st., Cambridge, Mass.
Cor. Edward F. Fower, 5 Spruce st., Worcester, Mass.

Pr. Vincent Gagliardi, 111 Maverick st., Boston, Mass.
Pr. John B. Gaurin, 64 Oak st., Oldtown, Me.

Pr. Harold C. Holmes, Essex Junction, Vt.
Pr. Paul K. Lambert, Glastonbury, Ct.

Pr. Earl E. Lovejoy, 26 John st., Worcester, Mass.
Pr. Andrew J. MacDonald, 19 Elmwood st., West Roxbury, Mass.

Pr. Lawrence R. Nolan, East Deerfield, Mass.
Pr. Harry W. Green, Phillips st., Wicksford, N. H.

Pr. Joseph J. Opperman, 111 Woodline st., Torrington, Conn.
Pr. Arthur J. Parnell, 1272 Dixwell st., New Haven, Conn.

Pr. Joseph Alfred Pettigrew, 123 Dudley st., North Cambridge, Mass.
Pr. William J. Tatham, 33 Alvanor st., Wrentham, Mass.

Pr. Frank W. Towles, Pawtucket, R. I.
Died from Accident and Other Causes

Pr. Chas. G. Arbuckle, 223 Whitwell st., Quincy, Mass.

Died of Disease
Lt. Harold N. Donovan, 10 Ophir st., Jamaica Plain, Mass.

Lt. Albert W. Crocker, 181 Althea st., Providence, R. I.
Lt. William T. Tighe, 32 Summer st., Rutland, Vt.

Ser. Charles M. Beckwith, Bethel, Vt.
Ser. Joseph Barker, 12 Cherry st., Brattleboro, Vt.

Cor. Jerome Cormier, 150 Parker st., Gardner, Mass.
Cor. Winfred R. Morrill, Star route, Newport, Me.

Musician Joseph F. Chick, Boston State hospital, Mattapan, Mass.
Musician William O. Clough, 359 Chestnut st., Manchester, N. H.

Pr. Joseph A. Dionne, 424 Riverdale ave., Manchester, N. H.
Pr. Frank Dolan, 120 Chestnut st., Lynn, Mass.

Pr. Harry L. Dunham, R.F.D. 1, Keene, N. H.
Pr. George N. Graham, 17 Cleavelly st., Lynn, Mass.

Pr. William H. Guyer, 148 Grand st., Waterbury, Conn.
Pr. Francis A. McGuire, 43 Haywood st., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Pr. William J. O'Connor, 901 Belmont ave., Springfield, Mass.
Pr. James Kusate, 116 Wooster st., New Haven, Conn.

Pr. Earl A. Spaulding, 15 Fruit st., West Milford, Mass.

Missing in Action
Ser. Benjamin Shapiro, 15 Pierce st., Revere, Mass.

Cor. Waldemar Ericson, 45 Kendall st., Worcester, Mass.
Pr. Frank M. Cannon, 3 Clarence st., Roxbury, Mass.

Pr. Lorenz De Pascale, 15 North st., Thompsonville, Conn.
Pr. Julius Hoyt, 21 E. L., Walton, Mass.

Pr. William D. McGowan, 29 West Neptune st., Lynn, Mass.
Pr. Percy A. Smith, 56 Brook st., Brockton, Mass.

Pr. Frank Stokowski, 252 Emmet st., Fall River, Mass.
Pr. Salvatore Casarato, 7 Second st., Salomon Falls, N. H.

Pr. Joseph A. La Roche, Crystal, N. H.
Pr. Stanley C. Swift, 31 Lord st., Waltham, Mass.

Pr. William J. Talbot, 28 Pond st., Worcester, Mass.
Pr. Henry T. Trelander, 164 Wood st., Waterbury, Conn.

Of the 49 houses in the village of Jaffrey Center, N. H., only 16 will be occupied this winter.

Slade's Spices is really no secret at all. Those dishes you admire most owe their popularity to correct seasonings and flavors. What kind of a secret? None but Slade's are good enough for me. I don't need to use the expensive meats. With Slade's I can make the cheaper kinds delicious and nourishing. Ask Grocers for Slade's.

D. & L. SLADE CO.
Boston

LOWELL Opera House SEATS ON SALE

THIS WEEK
Matinee Daily (Except Friday)
Very Good Eddie
(The Talk of the City)

NEXT WEEK
Chas. Frohman's
Great Play
MESSAGE FROM MARS
Better Than "Experience" or "Everywoman"

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Note—Below is what the press agents of the different theatres say of the current attractions and of others to come later.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE
Tuneful music, pretty girls, comely figures and a riot of fun-making combine in making this week's presentation by the Emerson Star Players at the Lowell Opera House one of the biggest and best stock offerings of the season. "Very Good Eddie" is a musical comedy of genuine merit and the manner in which it is played by the Players, augmented by a chorus of lively girls, reflects creditably on them and their director, August Gassner. Manager Carroll certainly scored a ten-strike in securing the attraction, and must be complimented for his efforts in giving the local patrons the best there's to be had on the market. Miss Salisbury and Mr. Noa are unusually good in their respective parts and the others are deserving of special mention. Should space permit, a few seats left for the remaining performances. Get them quick or be disappointed. Next week—"The Messenger From Mars."

THE STRAND
The Bostonia Ladies' orchestra, with Gella Yeaton Renfrew as director, is being featured on the week's bill at The Strand, and judging from the enthusiastic manner in which the number is being received, the management made no mistake in securing the services of this splendid organization of musicians for the week's engagement. Their numbers are pleasingly varied, and are given with commendable skill. It will like music don't miss this feature. Lewis E. Stone in his latest picture, "The Man of Bronze," and Olivia Tell in her biggest screen success, "Secret Strings," are among the other contributions to the bill. A good comedy and a weekly round out a program of rare merit.

Beginning with matinee tomorrow and continuing through the remainder of the week Theda Bara—the one and only Theda—will be seen in her big film offering, "When a Woman Sins." If you like highly-dramatic work, don't miss this. Peggy Hyland in "Marriages Are Made," will be the other feature.

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE
A stimulating bill of vaudeville is on the boards of the B. F. Keith Theatre this week, and with the extraordinary feature pictures taken in Paris and in England on November 11th, armistice day. All Americans are especially interested in these pictures. Leading the vaudeville is the very funny act, "The Decorators," with Harry Bowley in the principal part. "Libby, Brown & Conlan," three comic dancers open he bill very well, and Marie & Duffy, bar performers, are unique. Marshall Montgomery, ventriloquist, is without question the best in his kind on the stage. The Pathe News Pictorial and "Stars and Bars," a comedy, complete this specially good bill.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

There was a large attendance at last evening's meeting of the Knights of Malta, which was held in Odd Fellows' hall, Middlesex street. Routine business was transacted and arrangements for the winter's work were talked over. At the close of the business session, luncheon was served and an entertainment was given.

Branch Pawtucketville, A.C.F.

A regular meeting of the members of Branch Pawtucketville, A.C.F., was held last evening in their quarters in Moody street with a large attendance. President Josephat Sawyer occupied the chair. Two new members were initiated and three applications for membership were received. At the close of the meeting the members of the Caisse Nationale de Benefices met and transacted routine business.

Inquiry Council, R.A.

A ladies' night under the auspices of the members of Industry council, R.A., will be held this evening in Odd Fellows hall, Middlesex street. According to present arrangements the early part of the evening will be taken up by whist, while later a varied entertainment program will be given. The committee in charge of the arrangements held a meeting last evening and completed plans to make the event a success. This committee is composed of Regent George H. Deane, Arthur Jordan, Thomas H. Wilson, Neil A. Clark, John McKinley and George L. Stafford.

G.M.A.C.

A feature of last evening's meeting of the G.M.A.C., which was held in the organization's quarters in Pawtucket street, was the nomination of officers. The attendance was large and considerable business was transacted. The election of officers will be held at the next meeting, the Australian ballot to be used.

LAST TIME TONIGHT
Marguerite Clark in
"Out of a Clear Sky"
Clara Kimball Young in
"The Claw"

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

SUNDAY
Mary Miles Minter in
"Madcap Madge"
"Ruler of the Road"
Others

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, DEC. 5, 6, 7

Pauline Frederick
THE BRILLIANT STAR, IN
"A Daughter of the Old South"

She looked a beauty in her grandmother's wedding gown. She didn't put it on to be married in—Oh, no! She put it on simply to show her lover how nice she would look in it in case she should be the chief party at a wedding some day—And then! Don't miss this best vehicle of Miss Frederick.

—CHARMING—
ENID BENNETT
—IN—
"WHEN DO WE EAT"

This picture is full of good advice to crooks and cashiers—so if you happen to be a little girl who is engaged to a nice bank cashier, come on down and see it and then you will both know how to do a crook some good if he starts any tricks in your town—in fact, everybody who ever has anything to do with a cashier ought to see this picture.

PAULINE FREDERICK in "A Daughter of the Old South"

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PAULINE FREDERICK in "A Daughter of the Old South"

"HICK MANHATTAN" A JAMES MONTGOMERY FLAGG COMEDY—SOMETHING NEW

BURTON HOLMES TRAVEL PICTURES OTHERS

JEWEL THEATRE AND THEN SOME

"THE HOME OF SPARKLING PHOTO-PLAYS"

Wednesday and Thursday
THE STAR OF STARS
THEDA BARA
—IN—
THE SOUL OF BUDDHA

A five-reel screen journey to the mystic atmosphere of Buddha's Temples in far away Java, where mystery and religious fervor dwell.

STARTING TODAY
The Great Houdini
In the first episode of a great master mystery,
"The Straight Jacket"
Don't miss the opening of this great serial.

Today and Tomorrow
VIRILITY PERSONIFIED
WM. S. HART
—IN—
SAFETY YATES

Five reels of intense action showing "Bill" Hart in one of his best vehicles.

ATMOSPHERE, ACTION AND—
HART
SUNSHINE COMEDY
ROARING LIONS AND THE MIDNIGHT EXPRESS
A Smile—A Scream—A Roar!
Screen Magazine—Others

TONIGHT

Say! YOUNG FELLOWS! Where are you going tonight? Take a tip and come to the JEWEL this week. There's a corking movie picture—and a funny thing, it's called

"When Men Are Tempted"

It stars charming and distinctive MARY ANDERSON and ALFRED WHITMAN, and tells a story of twisted lives which are finally disentangled. And it's a corking good story. Try it once at the JEWEL, and you'll see it's straight—that's our aim.

We'll Also Show one of the Greatest Pictures YOU or your girl ever saw.

"AMERICAN BUDS"
Featuring the famous
LEE KIDDIES
(JANE AND KATHERINE)
You'll find more real fun and excitement in this play than in ten ordinary features. WE'LL GUARANTEE IT.

Like Serials? Here's One

"A FIGHT FOR MILLIONS"
Stars WILLIAM DUNCAN, JOE RYAN and EDITH JOHNSON
And—ABOVE ALL, COME EARLY and secure your SEATS.
At the
CROWN
THIS SHOW FOR THURSDAY TOO

Buy Flour Now

THE OCCIDENT

We have been short of OCCIDENT FLOUR, the government having taken so much of the mills' output it was hard to take care of family trade. We now have four cars in and more on the way. Any grocer in Lowell can get it for you. We warrant it the best in Lowell. If it doesn't prove so after you try it, you can get your money back. Don't be fooled by anyone telling you there are other flours, just as good, as one trial of Occident will convince you that there are not.

Buy Now—We Protect You—No Substitutes Needed Now.

BUY ONLY OCCIDENT and get your stomach back into healthy condition—you have been eating horse feed long enough.

GEORGE E. PUTNAM & SON
207 Market Street Lowell, Mass.

OWL THEATRE THE PICTURES THAT WE SHOW YOU ARE THE ONES YOU WANT TO SEE

Robert Warwick THE STAR OF STARS
in **"An Accidental Honeymoon"**

GLADYS LESLIE in **"LITTLE MISS NO ACCOUNT"**

TWO SPECIAL COMEDIES **NEWS WEEKLY** **PRICES:—10c at Mat.; 10c, 20c at Nite**

ANSWER THIS QUESTION WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY Dec. 4-5

ROYAL

WHAT WOULD YOU DO FOR A MILLION DOLLARS?

RATHER A POSER, ISN'T IT? You ought to see what happened to a fellow who needed the million bad. He got in all kinds of hot water, told in

"ALL NIGHT"
An Exciting Six-Reel Production of Surpassing Interest, Romance and Adventure Starring
CARMEL MYERS
The Screen's Most Bewitching Actress
Added Attractions Besides This Feature

"HANDS UP" Not an Old Episode—The Newest Out With **RUTH ROLAND** AND **STAR CAST.**

"Fatty" Arbuckle In a New Comedy and Also a Lonesome Luke Comedy

TEXAS GUINAN A New Luminary in the Film World.

"The Gun Woman" A Smashing, Startling Drama in Five Acts

ROYAL
IT'S A ROYAL SHOW

Dancing A.O.H. Hall
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5th
Miner-Doyle Orch.—Ladies, 25c; Gents, 35c, Including War Tax

B.F. KEITH'S
LOWELL'S LEADING THEATRE
Twice Daily—2 and 7:45—Tel. 28

A Great Vaudeville Bill
The Decorators
The Funniest Act in Vaudeville

Muriel Window
Little Peacock of Vaudeville

MARSHALL MONTGOMERY
The Extraordinary Ventriloquist

AL. AND FANNY STEDMAN
In "PIANOCAPERS"

LIBBY, BROWN & CONLAN
In "VAMPS A LA PETITE"

ROSAMOND & DOROTHY
The Musical Maids

MARLO & DUFFY
Eccentric Gymnasts

PEACE CELEBRATION IN PARIS

NEWS WEEKLY—COMEDY
1000 MATINEE SEATS 10c

THE STRAND
CONDUCTED BY PATRICK

TODAY
BOSTONIA LADIES' ORCHESTRA
BELLA Y. RENFREW, Director

LEWIS E. STONE
"THE MAN OF BRONZE"
—Others—

TOMORROW
THEDA BARA
—IN—
"When a Woman Sins"

SEATS AT ALL PERFORMANCES 10c

DEMobilIZATION ON AT TEXTILE SCHOOL

The Lowell Textile school will give up its martial air and stop being a war college today, when the demobilization of the student's army training corps begins. The orders were received last week, as stated in The Sun at that time, to begin the work of demobilization today, the officers in charge being given until Dec. 21 to conclude their work.

Capt. C. N. Cecil, U.S.A., retired, the commanding officer at the local school said today that it would not surprise him if the work of demobilizing the unit would be accomplished in less than the given period. Students who have been going round in khaki, drawing \$20 a month from the government, will

board and lodging thrown in, will now put away their soldier clothes and become plain, everyday individuals once more, while dad provides the grub and the duds and pays the tuition bills. The local S.A.T.C. numbers 143. About 50 per cent. of the corps, it is estimated, will become students at the school. A question frequently asked is what the government can do with the S.A.T.C. uniforms, as the boys' sizes will hardly be of any use in the general clothing store for issue to men.

LOWELL FISH AND GAME CLUB MEETING

At a regular meeting of the Lowell Fish and Game association held last evening a communication from Secretary G. P. Morse, Jr., of the state fish and game commission was read in which it was stated that as a result of a scarcity of ruffed grouse in this state the commission is considering ways and means for the protection of the bird until such time as this species will have become plentiful enough to make the sport worth while to the pursuer, the pursued, of course, having nothing to say about it. The communication was placed on file.

Features of the meeting included a discussion of the proposed highways in this city and in Lawrence. These highways should be nearing completion, if not entirely completed at this time, but as a matter of fact nothing but a preliminary survey has been made. That concerted action was required in this matter, was the sense of the meeting.

Willis S. Holt, secretary of the Lowell Fish and Game association, and commissioner of game for the New England district, reported on the condition of game in New England. Mr. Holt had on exhibition two Canadian geese in which the association members were very much interested.

ASKED TO FORM NEW SPANISH MINISTRY

MADRID, Tuesday, Dec. 3 (By the Associated Press).—Count Romanones, foreign minister, to the Spanish cabinet, has been entrusted with the task of forming a new ministry.

CONGREGATIONAL CLUB

Rev. Howard H. Bridgman, D.D., Says Pres. Wilson Great International Asset

A very interesting meeting of the Lowell Congregational club was held last night, and a busy and successful season is expected, in view of the large number present at the Eliot church, where the meeting was held, as well as from the long list of applications for membership.

Rev. William F. English, Jr., presided over the meeting. In the absence of the president, Lewis E. Macbrayna, there were brief remarks by the new pastor of the First Congregational church, Rev. Chauncey J. Hawkins, and solos were rendered by Miss Marion McKnight, accompanied by Miss Marion H. Clogston. An excellent supper was prepared and served by the ladies of the Eliot church, during the early part of the evening.

Fore and There in France and England, a topic of conditions and experiences as he met them, was discussed by Rev. Howard H. Bridgman, D.D., editor-in-chief of The Congregationalist and Advance. During his six weeks abroad he saw very little of actual warfare, but he did have a chance to sense the tension under which the people have been living in London and Paris, and he saw a great deal of the work behind the lines, at and near Gen. Pershing's headquarters.

He dealt with the good spirit existing among the American soldiers, and also paid a tribute to the telephone girls who have gone over from America.

Millionaires Don't Buy Pearls

Most of them buy synthetic pearls which cost one-quarter the price, but which even experts can't detect from the genuine. Same with butter. Thousands of housewives today buy Benefit Brand "Sweet Nut" Margarine because it has the same delicious flavor. The same golden color when served and the same nutritive and energy values as the finest creamy butter. But Benefit Brand "Sweet Nut" Margarine costs only 33c a lb., while butter costs from 50c to 60c a lb. This new table luxury is made from the creamy white meat of ripe coconuts, churned with pasteurized milk—it contains no "bleed" or animal fats whatever—we positively guarantee that. Try a pound of Benefit Brand "Sweet Nut" Margarine. Nobody can tell it from butter. Sold only at 81 Merrimack St., Lowell, up one flight, the Direct Importing Co.'s store, where Benefit Brand Teas, Coffees and Grocery Specialties are retailing at wholesale prices. Look for our store in your city.

BREAK A CHILD'S COLD BY GIVING SYRUP OF FIGS

Cleanses the Little Liver and Bowels and They Get Well Quick

When your child suffers from a cold don't wait; give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, sniffs and has caught cold or is feverish or has a sore throat give a good dose of "California Syrup of Figs," to evacuate the bowels no difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeiters sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

...and who have "evolved" from hells into long service operators.

It will be a long time, he said, before America's interest in the land of France will cool, and speaking of the impact in general of France upon America, he said that undoubtedly we have had a great influence upon them.

Referring to the influence of President Wilson, he said that he helped to bring about a united command and has freshened the conception of the moral aims of the war.

"I am war as a faithful reporter of what I have seen and heard over there, to tell you that I believe we have in our president a great international asset; that his state papers have captured the imaginations of the world looking peoples in Europe. They would not be naming streets after him, and proposing the making of statues, unless they felt that somehow he had succeeded in outlining the kind of international relationship and world order that we believe ought to be the fruitage of this war."

ALL RESTRICTIONS ON SUGAR REMOVED

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Restrictions on the purchase of sugar for consumption in homes and public eating places were removed last night by the food administration. Increased supply of Louisiana cane and western beet sugar and expectation that the new Cuban crop will begin to arrive soon permit abandonment of the sugar ration system, the administration said.

DR. GARFIELD RESIGNS AS FUEL HEAD

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Fuel Administrator Garfield has resigned and Mrs. Wilson has accepted his resignation. This was announced last night at the White House.

"It was announced at the executive offices yesterday that," said the statement, "United States Fuel Administrator Garfield had tendered his resignation, to take effect at the pleasure of the president, and that the president had accepted the resignation, although it was made clear that the need of domestic coal consumers will continue to receive the attention of the fuel administration until the winter is passed."

The correspondence between the president and Dr. Garfield was not made public, nor was there any information as to when the resignation becomes effective or whether a successor to Dr. Garfield will be named.

It is understood that Dr. Garfield plans to remain at his post the remainder of the month, but that after the holidays he will resume his duties as president of Williams college. It is assumed that he resigned at this time so that the president could act in the matter before his departure for Europe.

The White House statement made it clear that the fuel administration will continue to function, certainly until the end of the winter. Dr. Garfield himself announced recently that he hoped to be able to remove price restrictions and possibly the zone regulations on bituminous coal about the middle of this month, but that control

QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No gripping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels and liver to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth," tired and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—a sick headache—torpid liver and are constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take one or two every night just to keep right. Try them. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

THE JAMES CO

Merrimack St., Cor. Palmer



This is a
Quality Store—
quality is the
only true economy

The Very Newest in Late Fall
Millinery Are These Charming

Hats of Fur

\$5.95

—And because they are so new, recent, they are found first in Lowell at The James Company.

—One of New York's best millinery manufacturers makes almost daily shipments to this big specialty store.

—As soon as a hat is seen on Fifth Avenue it is shown simultaneously at this store—hence the growing popularity of The James Company's millinery section.

—Tomorrow we will show for the first time a number of the very newest hats of fur and fur fabrics. They are such charming modes one is almost instantly captivated by them.

—You will be interested to know that these same hats command prices ranging from \$8.50 to \$12.50 in New York.

—See them tomorrow.



SPECIAL LOT OF NEW

\$4.95 AND \$5.95

Trimmed Hats AT \$2.49

Basement Store

A. G. POLLARD CO.

Lowell's Biggest and Best Christmas Store

Specials for All Day Thursday

Women's Garment Section

WOOL JERSEY DRESSES, AT \$15.00

Formerly priced at \$25.00, \$35.00 and \$40.00. Sizes from 16 misses' to 44. Colors, taupe, tan, Pekin and Copen.

SILK TAFFETA SKIRTS, AT \$3.98

Formerly priced at \$12.50. Black and colors. Just five skirts in the lot.

CHILDREN'S WHITE ORGANDIE DRESSES, AT \$1.00

Formerly priced at \$5.00 and \$7.50. Just four dresses in the lot.

CHILDREN'S WHITE ORGANDIE DRESSES, AT \$1.98

Formerly priced at \$10.00. Just two dresses in the lot.

CHILDREN'S GINGHAM DRESSES, AT \$1.98

Formerly priced at \$2.98. Sizes from 6 to 14 years.

SHEPHERD WOOL SLIP-ONS, AT \$2.98

Formerly priced at \$5.00. Colors, purple, turquoise, gold, Nile and rose. All sizes in the lot.

WEST SECTION

SECOND FLOOR

In the Underprice Basement

BLEACHED COTTON—One case of good bleached cotton, full pieces, nice soft finish, slightly imperfect on the selvage. 20c value. At 10c Yard

PERCALE—Light and dark percale, in large assortment of patterns, 36 inches wide, in remnants. 29c value on the piece. At 20c Yard

BATES GINGHAM—Mill remnants of best quality of Bates gingham, large assortment of patterns. 29c value. At 19c Yard

SILKOLINE—One case of yard wide silkoline remnants, large assortment of patterns, good quality for comfort covering. 25c value. At 12½c Yard

OUTING FLANNEL—Mill remnants of good quality of outing flannel and domot, plain white, pink and gray, also large assortment of neat stripes. 29c value. At 20c Yard

UNBLEACHED DOMET—2000 yards of unbleached domot flannel. 10c value. At 10c Yard

UNBLEACHED COTTON—One bale of unbleached cotton, 39 inches wide, nice fine quality, slightly imperfect. 22c value. At 12½c Yard

BLANKETS—Cotton blankets, white, gray and tan, single, finished both ends, slightly imperfect, worth \$2.50 pair. At 89c Each

BED SPREADS—200 full size bed spreads, heavy crocheted, fringed, cut corners, \$3.00 value. At \$2.00 Each

TURKISH TOWELS—Large size and heavy Turkish towels, hemmed. 50c value. At 35c Each, 3 for \$1.00

Ready to Wear Section— Basement

HOUSE DRESSES—To close about 20 dozen ladies' house dresses, made of good gingham, very neat patterns, \$2.00 value. At \$1.00 Each

WHITE SKIRTS—Ladies' long white skirts, made of fine quality cotton and cambrie, lace and hampburg flouncing. \$1.50 value. At 79c Each

Men's Furnishing Section— Basement

MEN'S WOOL HOSE—Men's wool hose, medium and heavy weight, black, blue and gray. 50c value. At 39c Pair, 2 Pairs for 75c

MEN'S UNDERWEAR—Men's heavy fleece lined and jersey shirts and drawers, good warm garment, \$1.00 value. At 69c Each

MEN'S UNION SUITS—Men's heavy jersey fleeced union suits, white and ecru, \$1.50 garment. At \$1.19 a Suit

Basement

SERIOUS FOR GERMANY

Russian Government Refuses to Admit 1,500,000 War Prisoners for Germany

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The Russian government has refused to admit 1,500,000 soldiers who have been prisoners in Germany and has turned them back at the frontier, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Express, under date of Monday. The incident is serious for Germany because of the necessity of feeding these men.

It is reported that the Russian prisoners have seized four ships at Danzig, West Prussia, which the British Red Cross had obtained from the Germans for the purpose of housing British prisoners.

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DENY KING NICHOLAS HAS BEEN DEPOSED

PARIS, Dec. 4.—"My deposition was but a straw cast to see which way the wind blows," said King Nicholas of Montenegro to the Montenegrin representative yesterday.

"If a meeting was held at Podgoritsa (where the Montenegrin national assembly is reported to have met) I have not the slightest news of it. A meeting such as that one could have been held only under the shadow of bayonets. A legal plebiscite is not carried out by armed force. That is why I consider what has passed down there as being without importance."

The royal Montenegrin government has issued a statement denying the report that King Nicholas has been deposed.

ANOTHER BAY STATE MOTION FILED

The following assent by the city solicitors of various cities and towns where the Bay State Street Railway Co. operates, to the motion of the city of Lowell, prepared by City Solicitor William D. Regan, that disputed facts in the matter of fare increases be referred to a master or commissioner has been filed in the United States district court.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Massachusetts. The Archibald McNeill & Sons Company, Complainant, v. Bay State Street Railway Company, Defendant.

NEW DECORATION FOR MARSHAL FOCH

PARIS, Dec. 4 (Havas).—King Albert of Belgium intends to create a new military order to be known as the Order of the Yser, the Echo de Paris says. The first man to be decorated with the new order will be Marshal Foch.

DECLARED A DESERTER

Major Thompson has been notified that Patrick George Lynch of this city

has been declared a deserter from the United States naval service.


LEONARD EAR OIL

Relieves Deafness, Stops Head Noises

Nine out of ten cases of Deafness and Head Noises are caused by catarrhal mucus (matter) in the Eustachian Tube, which connects the nose and the ears. Leonard Ear Oil removes the mucus, opens up the tube and the other air passages of the head, and the result is improved hearing and relief from Head Noises. It is not put in the ears, but is "Rubbed in Back of Ears." Inserted in the nostrils, and "Common Sense" Directions for Care of Hearing, which accompany each bottle, tell you exactly how to take care of your own case. Do not be misled by substitutes or imitations. The only genuine "EAR OIL" is A. O. Leonard Ear Oil. It is the original and has been on the market since 1897 and every year it has relieved hundreds of people of their Ear Troubles. No matter how long you have been deaf, nor how deaf you are or what caused your deafness, or how many things you have already tried which have failed to relieve you, Leonard Ear Oil has relieved many such cases as your own. Why not you?

Look for this sign in
Drug Store

Windows
It is a
LEONARD
EAR OIL
AGENCY



A Testimonial That Has Been SWORN TO

11-13-15
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of November, 1918. Joseph Braman, Notary Public No. 221, City and County of New York.

Dear Mr. Leonard—Having had my hearing completely restored by Leonard Ear Oil, I feel it an obligation to let you and others know what it has done for me. My deafness was caused by catarrh and I had been growing worse for years. I had become so deaf I was considering giving up my regular business because of my deafness. It was necessary for me to hear well in my regular work. After using less than two bottles of Leonard Ear Oil I hear as well as ever and am still on my job. Sincerely yours, JOSEPH A. STAFFORD, 531 West 145th St., New York City.

For sale in Lowell by Dows Drug Store, Merrimack Sq., Lowell Pharmacy, 632 Merrimack St., Charles L. Cordeau Co., Cor. Lakeview and Allen Aves., Ray F. Whelan, 401 Bridge St., F. J. Campbell, 235 Central St., and Burckshaw Drug Co., opp. Union Station. Proof of success will be given by the above druggists.

This Signature on Yellow Box and on Bottle

Manufacturer
70 Fifth Ave., New York City.

CROWN PRINCE ADMIRAL WILSON

Didn't Want War, U-Boat or
Other Atrocity—For Peace
Since 1914

Still Crown Prince, But
Willing to Work in Fac-
tory—Raps Ludendorff

GOSTERLAND, Holland, Dec. 3. (By the Associated Press.)—I have not re-nounced anything and I have not signed any document whatever.

Frederick William Hohenzollern, who still claims the title of crown prince, thus answered the question of the Associated Press in the course of a long conversation yesterday which took place in the small cottage of the village pastor on the island of Wieringen, where he is interned.

"However," he continued, "should the German government decide to form a republic similar to the United States or France, I shall be perfectly content to return to Germany as a simple citizen ready to do anything to assist my country. I should even be happy to work as a laborer in a factory."

"At present everything appears chaos in Germany, but I hope things will right themselves."

Asked what in his opinion was the turning point of the war, he said: "I was convinced early in October, 1914, that we had lost the war. I considered our position hopeless after the battle of the Marne, which we should have not lost if the chiefs of our general staff had not suffered a case of nerves."

Tried to Get Peace in 1914

"I tried to persuade the general staff to seek peace then, even at a great sacrifice, going so far as to give up Alsace-Lorraine. But I was told to mind my own business and confine my activities to commanding my armies. I have proof of this."

What finally brought about the downfall of the German military power, he declared, was revolution induced by four years of hunger among the civilians and the troops in the rear, together with the overwhelming numbers being gathered by the entente powers since America's entry into the war had undermined the confidence of the German fighting forces.

"My soldiers, whom I loved and with whom I lived continuously, and who, if I may say so, loved me, fought with the utmost courage to the end, even when the odds were impossible to withstand. The refugee prince went on: "They had no rest, and sometimes an entire division numbered only 500 rifles. These were opposed by fresh allied troops, among whom were American divisions containing 27,000 men apiece."

Describing how he left the front,

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN FOR INDIGESTION

Eat One Tablet! No Gases
Acidity, Dyspepsia or Any
Stomach Misery

Undigested food! Lumps of pain! Belching gas, acids and sourness. When your stomach is all upset, here is instant relief—No waiting!



The moment you eat a tablet or two of Pape's Diapepsin all the indigestion pain and dyspepsia distress stop.

Your disordered stomach will feel fine at once.

These pleasant, harmless tablets of Pape's Diapepsin never fail and cost very little at drug stores.—Adv.

Frederick William declared: "I was with my group of armies after the Kaiser left Germany. I asked the Berlin government whether they desired me to retain my command. They replied negatively, and I could not continue to lead armies under orders of the soldiers' and workers' council."

"Therefore, I came to Holland without hindrance. No shooting or bombing occurred and I quit the army with the greatest regret after having participated in the trench life with the soldiers for so long."

"I have not been in Germany for a year, and from the beginning of the war I have taken only three or four fortnight leaves."

War Began at Wrong Time

Speaking of the beginning of the war, Frederick William asserted:

"Contrary to all statements hitherto made abroad, I never desired war, and thought the moment inopportune. I was never consulted and the report about a crown council being held in Berlin to decide on the war I deny on my oath. I was enjoying a stay at a watering place when mobilization was ordered."

"My father also, I am sure, did not desire war. If Germany had sought the best opportunity for making war she would have chosen the period either of the Beer war or the Russo-Japanese war."

"From the beginning I was certain that England would enter the conflict. This view was not shared by Prince Henry and the other members of my family."

"People have credited me with war-like intentions. But I was only a soldier with a desire to see the army kept thoroughly efficient and I worked hard to bring this about. People blame me for the failure at Verdun. But I refused twice to attack there with the troops at my disposition. On the third occasion my attack was successful for the first three days, but I was not properly supported."

"I thought that the Verdun attack was a mistake. We should have at-

tacked to the eastward of Verdun, where there would have been great probability of success."

Von Hindenburg Only Figurehead

The ex-crown prince was rather bitter regarding the work of the general staff, which he asserted was responsible for numerous mistakes, including the attack in March, 1918, which he was ordered to make, contrary to his own view, and was compelled to obey. He declared that Ludendorff was the main spring of Germany's warlike activities, while Von Hindenburg was a mere figurehead.

Ludendorff and his staff continually underestimated the enemy's forces and never believed that America's contribution of soldiers was as great as it actually proved to be.

Frederick William declared himself to be an admirer of President Wilson, who he felt assured, would bring about a peace of justice for the German people, and concluded:

"Any humiliation of a nation containing 70,000,000 people would only leave a feeling of revenge. Such a nation cannot be crushed."

"The armistice terms are very severe and almost impossible of execution, as the entente powers are taking away a large portion of the means of transport."

Asked whether Germany, if victorious, would not have imposed even more severe terms, he expressed the belief that such would not have been the case.

When the Brest-Litovsk treaty was mentioned, he said its terms were hard because in Russia the Germans were confronted by the Bolsheviks.

With regard to air raids on unfortified cities, the fierce submarine warfare, the bombardment of Paris and the deportation of women from the occupied districts to work in Germany, Frederick William said he had always entirely disagreed with these policies.

KING GEORGE'S OPINION OF THE EX-KAISER

LONDON, Nov. 28. (Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—What does King George really think of his cousin, William Hohenzollern?

That is the question that has been often asked, but has never received anything approaching an authoritative answer. According to writer in the Daily News which is unusually very careful as to the trustworthiness of what it prints, King George regards him as "the greatest criminal in the world today."

CALLS INFLU EPIDEMIC BLESSING IN DISGUISE

(Special to The Sun)

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Dec. 4.—At last some one has been found who is willing to assert that the recent influenza epidemic was to a certain extent a blessing in disguise. The Massachusetts Industrial Accident Board has found that as a result of the slackening of industry, due principally to the epidemic, the accident rate

TO AVOID AND RELIEVE INFLUENZA

BY DR. FRANKLIN DUANE

Many people have been frightened by what they have read or heard of influenza. The more you fear the disease, the more you are likely to catch it. As the disease is spread principally by contact through sneezing, coughing or spitting, many health authorities have advised that everyone wear a gauze, which is daily washed and saturated with a one to five hundred solution of zinc sulphate in water, and which is kept up over the nose and mouth. You should avoid crowds, common drinking cups and public toilets. Keep your strength up by taking lots of exercise in the open air and plenty of nourishing food.

Any of such symptoms as stiffness, nasal obstructions, flushed face, headache, feverishness, restlessness, weakness, or irritating cough, stir up work at once and go to bed. This will save your strength to help overcome the disease. Put your feet in hot water for fifteen minutes. Thoroughly loosen the bowels with some such mild and non-irritating physic as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Drink abundantly of hot lemonade and then cover up with plenty of clothing in bed so as to get a good sweat. When sweating is free and the fever reduced take a dose of Dr. Pierce's Tablets every four hours, followed by drinking at least a glass or two of hot water. Anise Tablets help quickly to relieve the soreness of the muscles and bones, from which most patients complain and help the kidneys flush out the poisons.

To relieve nasal obstructions and excessive discharge from the nose, probably nothing is better than such a mild, soothing, antiseptic wash as Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It will give great relief. Employed as a gargle, it same strength as made up for use in the nose, and as hot as can be borne, it quickly relieves soreness and dryness in the throat.

Influenza weakens the patient's resistance to disease, so that the danger of bronchitis and pneumonia develops. To combat this tendency and fortify the patient's strength insist that he keep in bed for at least two days. Probably nothing will at this stage hasten the recovery and strengthen the patient more than an early resort to Dr. Pierce's Tablets, the well known herbal tonic. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which has been used by thousands in the past two generations.

In this state fell during the month of October to 527 per day.

During the month the total number of accidents reported was 13,110; in September there were 14,053, or 535 per day; while in August the total reported was 15,335 for the month, an average of 479 per day. In November with the epidemic practically cleared up, there was an accident total of 12,311, an average of 393 per day, but this average is not reliable because the signing of the armistice caused a cessation of employment, as well as of hostilities, so that the actual average would probably be somewhat higher.

Discussing the matter today, a member of the board said:

"The future course of the accident trend will be interesting to watch, from this point on. If industry again reaches the peak of activity that was existent in August, the accident rate may be expected to increase from its present level. If, however, there is a slowing up of industry, then the rate at which the reports are received may be expected to decrease. The accident frequency invariably keeps pace with industrial activity."

NEWS OF THE DAY IN THE POLICE COURT

Joseph Burkinshaw was charged in police court this morning with the unlawful sale of liquor. Defendant who is the proprietor of a drug store at the corner of Middlesex and Thurdike streets, entered a plea of nolo through his counsel, and upon being found guilty was ordered to pay a fine of \$75.

Three young men, Armand Rocheford, Wilfred Hamilton and Harvey Giroux pleaded guilty to the charge of breaking and entering the poolroom of Argad Hassan late last night, and departing with two watches, total value \$100, a ring and \$25.00 in cash. The court found probable cause and ordered them each held in the sum of \$500 for the superior court.

James Edwards, who yesterday pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny of a coat and pair of trousers from John Martin was sentenced today to a two months' term in jail. "Thank you, judge," said the prisoner when the clerk read his sentence. "You're welcome," said the court.

Anthony Sokoloski, who is the owner of a pool room on Lawrence street was charged with unlawfully admitting minors to his establishment.

George and Otis Sullivan, two boys of 13 and 16 years respectively, stated that against their mother's wishes, they had been spending some of their time there. The younger boy stated that in order to gain entrance he had forged his mother's name to the permit which must be signed by the parents of minor children in order to give them a legal right to enter a poolroom. The court found defendant guilty and he was ordered to pay a fine of \$10. He appealed.

William Davis was charged with the larceny of numerous small articles which included candy, gum, pins, combs, scissors, shaving sticks, etc., from the F. W. Woolworth Co. on Merrimack street. The case was continued until tomorrow morning, bail being set at \$200.

Lena Dupont, who was found guilty a short time ago of the larceny from Blanche B. Lamoureux of a \$50 Liberty bond, eight Thrift Stamps and a bank book was called and continued for a week in view of the fact that the woman's husband stated he would endeavor by that time to make full restitution.

Cases of drunkenness were disposed of as follows: John Tracy, 310 line; Cornelius Leary, 3 months in jail; John Wilson, 15 line. The probation officer issued four releases.

DR. MACKENZIE INJURED IN FRANCE

CHAMMONT, France, Tuesday, Dec. 3.—Dr. W. D. Mackenzie, president of the Hartford Theological Seminary, Hartford, Conn., has been injured in an automobile accident, while making a tour of the battlefield.

He is suffering from concussion of the brain and has been removed to a Paris hospital.

The Attorney General Council has voted to substitute a motor for three horses which have been kept to haul a big steam engine which, according to the records of the fire department, has not been in service for six years.

Lowell, Wednesday Dec. 4, 1918

A. G. POLLARD CO.

Lowell's Biggest and Best Christmas Store

OPEN ALL DAY TOMORROW, THURSDAY

Christmas is only three weeks away, eighteen shopping days in fact, and you to whom we've been talking "Shop Early" to for weeks past cannot afford to let a day go by.

Orders should be placed at once for Engraving of Christmas or Personal Cards. "Special" Books should be ordered, for the mails and express make no promises as to deliveries after this week.

Practical Gifts For Your Little Tot or Someone Else's



The little folks must be kept warm, therefore the most practical Christmas story from our Infants' Wear Section is about warm things—pretty things that you love to see on them and when they're old enough they too love to wear. Our department is filled to the limit, but early choosing is advisable.

Knitted Booties, in white edged with pink and white edged with blue; ribbon trimmed. Sizes, 3 months—6 months. Prices, 39c, 59c, 65c, 79c, \$1.00

Knitted Sacques, in all white or white with pink and white with blue; ribbon trimmed. Sizes, 3 months—1 year. Prices, 59c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.49, \$1.98

Infants' Knit Bonnets, in white embroidered, in pink and blue, and some rose and blue trimmed. Sizes, 3 months—6 months. Prices, 75c, 98c, \$1.50, \$1.98

Infants' Knit Leggings, in white with and without feet. Sizes, 3 months—3 years. Prices, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.98

Children's Knit Leggings, in tan and red. Sizes, 1—3 years. Prices, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.98

Infants' Mittens, in white with and without thumb. Sizes, 3 months—2 years. Prices, 29c, 35c, 65c

Brushed Wool Sweater Sets, in tan, copen and rose. Sizes, 26—28. Price, \$5.00

Togues, in white, blue, copen, rose, white with pink and white with blue. Sizes, 3 months—3 years. Prices, 65c, 75c, 98c, \$1.25

Children's Bath Robes, in tan, copen and red, in the Indian patterns. Sizes, 2—4 years. Prices, \$2.25, \$2.98, \$3.50

Infants' Angora Bonnets, plain and turn-back styles. Sizes, 12—16. Prices, \$2.75, \$2.98

Special Underprice Basement Values

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS
At \$6.00 a Pair

120 pairs of very handsome blankets that were meant to be sold at \$8.00 and \$9.00 a pair. They're woven from selected wool with a splendid soft, fleecy finish. Pink, blue or yellow borders, and wide taffeta binding. Only \$6.00 a Pair

A Most Acceptable Christmas Gift for Someone
PALMER STREET SECTION

MEN'S FLANNEL NIGHT
SHIRTS at \$1.25

325 Warm Night Shirts, made from heavy flannel; neat stripes of pink, blue and black on white. Made with or without collars. Worth \$1.75.....Only \$1.25 Each

SUBWAY SECTION

LADIES' SHIRTWAISTS at 55c Each

About 25 dozen White and Colored Lingerie Waists of voile, organdy and lawns, all prettily trimmed; worth \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.....Only 55c Each

MERRIMACK STREET SECTION

PLANS FOR EXCHANGE OF PRO- FESSORS BETWEEN AMERICAN AND ENGLISH COLLEGES

CAMBRIDGE, Dec. 4.—Plans for the exchange of professors between American and English colleges and universities were expected to be completed to-

day at the annual meeting of the Association of American Universities at Harvard. The meeting was attended by six British educators who made addresses. A closer relationship between the educational institutions of the two countries was urged.

Interesting Case of Miss Baird

Sick Four Years, Red Cross Worker Tells How She Got Well

The case of Miss G. I. Baird of 30 Glenville avenue, Allston, Mass., may bring new hope and health to other sufferers who have stomach worms and do not know what is the matter. A letter from this sufferer tells the story:

"I have been sick almost two years, had four doctors with little or no relief. Some of the doctors said I had enlarged liver, nervous indigestion, too much acid in my system. I was so tired in the morning it seemed as though I could not get dressed and get to work. I was growing thin every day, went from 125 to 111."

"I was so discouraged I didn't know what to do. One night about three weeks ago I picked up a paper and saw your Dr. True's Elixir, Family Laxative and Worm Expeller, advertised. I made up my mind I had worms and the next day bought a small bottle of Dr. True's Elixir and took three teaspoonfuls until I had taken the bottle."

"I was surprised at the result, pin-worms, some a finger long, so much slime, some that looked as though it was just the skin of worms. The day before I took Dr. True's Elixir I thought I should go wild with the crawling in my stomach, I could feel them. My stomach was sore all the time and some days I could not retain what I ate, while other days couldn't keep anything on my stomach. I coughed so just the minute I went to bed some nights I would not sleep more than one or two hours. The second dose stopped the crawling and the second night I didn't cough. I feel like a new person, all my



Miss Baird of Allston, Mass., Knitting For Red Cross

can't give your medicine praise enough."

The medicine mentioned in the above letter is made by Dr. J. F. True & Co., Auburn, Maine, and is called Dr. True's Elixir, the Family Laxative and Worm Expeller. On sale everywhere medicine is sold. Recommended by many druggists who have used it in their own families.—Adv.

KING ALBERT AT LIEGE

Tremendous Ovation for
Royal Party From Over
Half Million People

LIEGE, Tuesday, Dec. 3 (By the Associated Press)—General Jacobs, of American headquarters, and American staff officers represented the United States at the entry of King Albert into Liege. The royal party came in for a tremendous ovation from half a million people and the rejoicings were continued late into the night, the city ablaze at night, being filled with dancing, singing crowds.

THE BRITISH ELECTION

George Bernard Shaw, the
Writer, Appears as La-
bor Candidate

LONDON, Dec. 4.—Among the incidents of the election campaign, is the appearance of George Bernard Shaw, the writer, as labor candidate for East Middleborough. Mr. Shaw previously had consistently resisted all efforts to bring him into parliamentary politics.

At Smithweek today, Major Thompson, the coalition candidate, retired in favor of Christabel Pankhurst, the woman suffrage candidate. Major Thompson explained that he withdrew at the request of Premier Lloyd George and Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, who expressed the fear that the seat might be lost.

If you want to buy, sell or exchange anything try a Sun want ad.

Night Lights

Box containing a good supply of Night Lights, one porcelain float and two wicks. 10c

C.B. COLEMAN CO. 155
Merrimack Street

The public is wise in its food selections.

Recent demand
for the well known
ready-cooked food

Grape-Nuts

shows how the first
use of a full-worth
food is followed by
continued repeat
orders.

Nothing made of wheat
and barley has so much
of attractive taste and
stand-by nourishment
as Grape-Nuts food.

"There's a Reason"

AMERICANS COMMENDED

Behavior of Troops Aboard
Torpedoed Ship Praised by
British Admiralty

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The behavior of American troops aboard the steamship Persic, when she was torpedoed last Sept. 7, is commended in a letter from the British admiralty, addressed to Admiral Sims and made public today by the war department.

SEVERE EARTHQUAKE
LASTS THREE HOURS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—A severe earthquake, centered approximately 4600 miles from Washington and apparently in South America, began at 6.58 o'clock this morning and was continuing more than three hours later. Seismographs at Georgetown university observatory show the maximum shock occurred at 7.30 a. m. and was very severe. The tremors continued after but grew lighter. Brazil, Chile and Argentina are in the area of the quake.

ARREST FIELD MARSHAL
VON HINDENBURG

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 4.—The soldiers and workers' council at Leipzig has decided that German general headquarters shall be dissolved and Field Marshal von Hindenburg arrested, according to the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin.

ALLIES TAKE WARSHIPS

Germans Give Up 10 Vessels
at Sebastopol—Were Ap-
portioned Among Allies

ON BOARD THE BRITISH DESTROYER TILBURY, Sebastopol, Wednesday, Nov. 27.—(By the Associated Press)—The allied fleet of British, French, Italian and Greek war vessels has taken from the Germans 10 warships, including smaller craft, in the harbor here. The Russian dreadnought Volia is now under the British flag. Five destroyers were apportioned among the allies, the British taking two, the French two and the Italians one. Four submarines, all German were divided between the French and British. All the remaining warships and merchant vessels of the German Black Sea fleet will be held here. There are about 11,000 German troops in Crimea. They have requested permission to proceed to Germany by the way of Trieste, so as to avoid a repetition of an incident three weeks ago at Odessa. German soldiers going to Constantinople, were attacked by hostile citizens and some were killed. The Germans are now allowed to proceed from Crimea to Odessa and thence to Nikolayev on their journey back to their native country.

ACCEPTS RESIGNATION OF
CHAIRMAN BARUCH

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—President Wilson has accepted the resignation of Bernard M. Baruch as chairman of the war industries board, effective Jan. 1, and has agreed that the war industries board shall cease to exist as a government agency on that date.

TO ESTABLISH CLAIMS OF
NEUTRAL NATIONS

BERNE, Tuesday, Dec. 3.—(By the Associated Press)—Dr. Widmer of Wofagen introduced a resolution in parliament today inviting the Swiss government immediately to approach other neutrals for the purpose of jointly establishing the claims and rights of neutral nations at the peace conference, particularly relative to a future league of nations.

BROWN CALLS USE OF FIREMEN
AS PATROLMEN NEW SYSTEM
OF PROTECTION

Commissioner George H. Brown said today that his reason for having various members of the fire department patrol their districts, as has been going on for the last couple of evenings, was to prepare a system of protection that might be called upon in an emergency. The present arrangement, he said, was merely of a temporary, prac-

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

98 and 100 Merrimack Street
OPEN ALL DAY THURSDAY

A COAT SALE

Thursday, Friday and Saturday
—FOR—
LADIES, MISSES, CHILDREN AND
INFANTS

Over 1000 Coats for All Sizes and Prices
SALE STARTS TOMORROW

STOUT LADIES TAKE NOTICE—Sizes in all materials up to 53.
Prices ridiculously low.

PLUSH COATS, from \$37.00 \$19.75
FUR COATS, Raccoon collars, were \$150.00.....\$89.00
OVER 300 CLOTH COATS, sold up to \$32.00, for.....\$15.98
CHILDREN'S COATS specially priced—all marked down—
\$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98
CHILDREN'S RAINCAPES, all sizes and colors\$2.98
LADIES' HOUSE DRESSES, WRAPPERS and KIMONOS—
Special Values.
GLOVES, FURS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, etc., very low.
BLANKETS, SHEETS and BED SPREADS away down.

NO CHANGE IN SUGAR
REGULATIONS HERE

The local food control department stated today that there has been positively no change made in the sugar regulations in this city for December. These regulations, which appeared in The Sun last Wednesday, and which provide that during the current month sugar shall be issued on a basis of 1 pound per person will be strictly adhered to, the committee states.

PERSHING REPORTS
ADVANCE CONTINUES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Reporting on the advance of the American army of occupation into Germany, General Pershing's communique for Tuesday says:

"The third American army in its advance into Germany today reached the general line Dahlem-Eisenach-Wittlich-Berncastel-Osann-Steinberg."

EXPECT ABDICATION OF
CROWN PRINCE TODAY

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The abdication of the German crown prince was expected to be published today, according to the North German Gazette, the former semi-official organ. The abdication will not concern his successor, it is added.

ARMY AVIATORS TO KEEP
IN PRACTICE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Army aviators who go on the inactive list of the Reserve Corps after demobilization are to be given an opportunity to keep in practice by flying military planes.

ALLEGED SPY ON
STAND AT DEVENS

AYER, Dec. 4.—Pressly H. Stringfellow, a private in Company B of the 212th Field Signal Battalion at Camp

Devens, who has been on trial as a spy, took the stand in his own defense yesterday and protested that he was innocent. When approached by two men, he said, who had offered to get him out of the army in return for certain information, he had matched his wife against theirs in apparently yielding to their wishes while he gave them information of no value whatever and which was available to anyone. Stringfellow was charged specifically with tapping a telegraph wire from headquarters and with giving up confidential code books to men supposed to be enemy agents. His statement brought the trial to a dramatic conclusion.

ESCAPED FROM GERMANY

Allied Prisoners Were First
Asked Their Attitude
Toward Revolution

PARIS, Tuesday, Dec. 3.—When the German revolution broke out on Nov. 7, many German officers visited the prison camps to ascertain the attitude of allied prisoners toward the revolution. Each prisoner was asked if he intended to try to join the revolutionists and those who replied in the negative, saying that they wished only to regain their regiments, were asked to give their parole not to try to escape. Captain James Norman Hall of Colfax, Ia., Lieut. Henry C. Lewis of Germantown, Pa., Lieut. Robert J. Browning of Minneapolis, and Charles R. Codman of Boston refused to give their parole, but agreed not to join the revolution. A camp inspector then gave them a strong hint that no great difficulties would be placed in the way of their escape. They left camp Landshut and reached Munich. From there they went to Landau, across Lake Constance, proceeded to Romanshorn and finally reached Bern, where they received outfits from the American Red Cross.

DENY NEW ULTIMATUM
SENT TO GERMANY

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The Express claims to be able to deny the report from Berlin, yesterday, that a new ultimatum had been sent to the German government because all the locomotives to be handled over under the terms of the armistice cannot be delivered at once. The newspaper says that it is true that Germany is not keeping to the stipulated schedule and that Marshal Foch has given warning that Germany will be responsible for further delays but he has not fixed a time limit for the carrying out of the clause relative to railroad equipment.

SHIPS TO RETURN TO
NORMAL TRADE ROUTES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Withdrawal of the 7000 ton steamer San Luis from the transatlantic service for a voyage in the South American west coast trade, was announced today by the ship control committee of the shipping board.

Chairman Franklin, of the control committee said today other ships will be returned to normal trade routes as fast as they become available. The food requirements of Europe will be considered in the allocation of all vessels.

7,000,000 SUBSCRIBERS TO THE
FRENCH LIBERATION
LOAN

PARIS, Tuesday, Dec. 3.—Louis L. Klotz, minister of finance, announced today that subscriptions to the French liberation loan had reached the nominal total of 27,750,000,000 francs, or a real value of 15,750,000,000, the bonds selling at 70.50 francs. Complete foreign and colonial subscriptions are not yet reported. M. Klotz said that foreign subscriptions so far received had

Open All Day (Thursday), Tomorrow. Open All Day Thursdays During December.

The Council of National Defence removes the restriction on Christmas buying.

The Bon Marche
DRY GOODS CO.

SHOP EARLY
SHOP FREELY
As Usual
With the Approval of the Gov.
ernment

Thursday-All-Day-Specials

GEORGETTE WAISTS

5 dozen, in white, flesh and dark colors, all sizes. Were \$4.98 and \$5.98. All Day Thursday.....\$3.50

Heatherbloom Petticoats

5 dozen, in black and colors. You will soon be unable to get heatherbloom for less than \$2.98. Were \$2. All Day Thursday.....\$1.49

VOILE and LINGERIE WAISTS

10 dozen fine White Waists, taken from our regular stock, broken sizes, but all sizes in the lot. Every one a good style. Were \$2.00. All day Thursday.....\$1.50

BLACK MANCHURIA DOG MUFFS

12 Black Round Muffs, all good style this season but carried over from last year. Worth \$10.00 today. All Day Thursday, Special.....\$3.98

BLACK BABY LYNX MUFFS

10 Fine Baby Lynx Muffs, new round style, misses' sizes. Worth \$15.00 today. All Day Thursday, Special.....\$7.50

INFANTS' SOFT SOLED SHOES

Closing out, 3 dozen Infants' Soft Soled Shoes. Were 50c. All Day Thursday.....25c

CORSET DEPT. SPECIAL

Brassieres, handburg trimmed, with shield. Were 79c. All Day Thursday.....39c

ROMPERS FOR TOTS

2 dozen Poplin and Seersucker Rompers, sizes 1 to 4 years. Were 79c. All Day Thursday.....39c

\$4.98, \$5.50, \$6.98 COATINGS at One Special Price

Balance of our Winter Coatings consisting of Bolivia, Zibeline, Bonche, Oxford mixtures, Wool Velour, Kersey, Wool Plush, etc. Colors are Brown, Green, Burgundy, Navy, Gray, Deer-skin, French Brown, Copen, all at one price. All Day Thursday, Special, Yard.....\$3.98

CHILDREN'S HATS

5 dozen Velvet and Corduroy Hats, all Dept., Second Floor—Regular prices fine quality, sizes 2 to 6 years—Infants' \$1.49 and \$1.98. All Day Thursday.....29c

APRONS

White Muslin Tea Aprons, trimmed with val. lace, mostly samples but all fresh and new. 25c value. All Day Thursday.....15c

CHILDREN'S DRESSES

2 doz. Plaid and Gingham Dresses, broken lines to close out, sizes 3, 4 and 5 years. Were 98c. All Day Thursday.....69c

NO TELEPHONE ORDERS—NO C. O. D's.—NO MEMOS

totalled \$38,000,000 francs, nominal. The three previous loans realized respectively 15,000,000,000, \$11,000,000, and 14,000,000,000, he said, pointing out that the result of the subscriptions to the last loan would probably be 50 per cent greater than the largest floated in the past.

The number of subscribers to the loan was given as 7,000,000.

PRES. WILSON TO SPEND
CHRISTMAS IN LONDON

MANCHESTER, Eng., Dec. 4.—President Wilson, the Guardian says, will spend a few days conferring with Col. E. M. House in Paris and will go thence to Rome, returning from Italy to spend Christmas in London and going again to Paris for the remainder of his visit.

POLISH TROOPS HOLD
BREST-LITOVSK

PARIS, Dec. 4.—Brest-Litavsk, where Germany negotiated the peace treaty with Russia and the Ukraine, has been occupied by Polish troops, according to the Neue Freie Presse of Vienna, says a Geneva despatch to L'Information.

KILLED IN ACTION

OTTAWA, Dec. 4.—A. E. Sincery of Portland, Me., has been killed in action, according to today's casualty list.

ANOTHER HOLIDAY
AT CAMP DEVENS

AYER, Dec. 4.—Another holiday was observed at Camp Devens today when the men of the 12th division had furlough for the 42nd infantry which leaves tomorrow for Camp Upton, making the first break in the ranks of the division. A reception to the officers of the regiment took place in the division office.

EX-KAISER IN TOUCH
WITH BERLIN BY WIRE

LONDON, Dec. 4.—(British wireless service)—The correspondent at Amsterdam of the Daily Express calls attention to the fact that former Emperor William's act of renunciation was dated at Amerongen on Nov. 23, and was published in Berlin on Nov. 29, and adds:

"It is obvious that telegraphic communication between Amerongen and Berlin is neither cut—as might be expected in the case of communication between an exiled monarch and revolutionists—nor is it subject to the delay that all messages sent by ordinary mortals meet with."

BOLSHEVISTS ARREST
PERSIAN MINISTER

STOCKHOLM, Tuesday, Dec. 3.—The Bolsheviki government has arrested and imprisoned Assad Khan, the Persian minister to Russia. According to notices from Petrograd, they evidently intend to hold him until the soviet representatives in Turkestan who were reported arrested by order of the British authorities in Persia are released.

BOSTON ELEVATED
CAR ON FIRE

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—Passengers on a city-bound elevated train passing through the Charlestown district were given a bad scare today when one of the cars caught fire from a short circuit. The occupants were ordered into other sections of the train which pulled away from the blazing car and firemen mounted the elevated structure with ladders and extinguished the flames. No one was injured.

7-20-4
SULLIVANS

Factory output two hundred thousand daily. Largest selling brand of 10c cigars in the world. Factory, Man-hattan, N. Y.

CANADIAN EXCURSION
RATES CUT OUT

Lowell people who are planning to go to Montreal or Quebec for the holidays will have to pay the full fare or remain at home, for contrary to other years the Canadian Pacific and Boston & Maine railroads will not conduct mid-winter excursions to Canada this year.

For a great many years special rates were given to tourists from the states to Canada around Christmas time, that is a special excursion was conducted, the fare for the round trip to Quebec being \$13, while to Montreal it was \$15. It was learned this morning at the local office of the Boston & Maine that all excursions had been omitted this year and that the regular fare from Lowell to Quebec is \$12.70 and to Montreal \$10.25.

A WARTIME RECIPE
FOR GRAY HAIR

Gray, streaked or faded hair can be immediately made black, brown or light brown, whichever shade you desire, by the use of the following remedy that you can make at home: Merely get a small box of Orlex powder at any drug store. It costs very little and no extras to buy. Dissolve it in water and comb it through the hair. Full directions for mixing and use come in each box. You need not hesitate to use Orlex, as a \$100.00 gold bond comes in each box guaranteeing the user that Orlex powder does not contain silver, lead, zinc, sulphur, mercury, antimony, coal products or their derivatives. It does not rub off, is not sticky or gummy, and leaves the hair fluffy. It will make a gray haired person look twenty years younger.—Adv.

Blanket Your Horses

The first cold weather is the most severe. We have a mammoth stock to select from. We make a specialty of Extra Large Street Blankets. Leathered and lined.

We Have AUTOMOBILE and CARRIAGE ROBES in good variety. We Have DOUBLE and SINGLE HARNESSSES for All Purposes.

OUR STOCK IS VERY COMPLETE

All fresh goods purchased since our big fire.

WE ARE LOWELL AGENTS FOR KELLY-SPRINGFIELD

TIRES and TUBES

Come any time; you will find us at home.

C. H. HANSON & CO. Inc.
61 ROCK STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

HUB DRY GOODS CO.

SPECIALS FOR THURSDAY, FRIDAY
AND SATURDAY

Ladies' Bungalow Aprons, \$1.50 value, 79c.....THE HUB
Children's Teddy Bear Woolen Suits, consisting of coat, leggings, cap, gloves, \$5.50 value, \$3.79.....THE HUB
Men's Heavy Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, \$1.50 value, 95c.....THE HUB
Men's Blue Work Shirts, \$1.25 value, 79c.....THE HUB
Men's Silk Scarfs, \$3.00 value, \$2.00.....THE HUB
Children's Stockings, heavy, 35c value, 25c.....THE HUB
Educator and Walton Shoes, for boys and girls, \$2.75 THE HUB
A BIG LINE OF HANDKERCHIEFS AND CHRISTMAS GIFTS
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

THE HUB DRY GOODS CO.

113 GORHAM STREET

Save Money on Coal

By using our Junita Smokeless Coal in your heaters and ranges you can make a substantial saving. No restrictions as to amount you can have. We can deliver at once. Call us up.

LAJOIE COAL COMPANY

Office Telephone 637 Yard Telephone 2725

News From Camp Devens

THE LOYAL ALWAYS' TEXT OF GEN. MCCAIN'S MESSAGE TO DEVENS MEN

CAMP DEVENS, Dec. 4.—Grouped solemnly in a natural bowl, surrounded by New England hills, 20,000 men of the Plymouth Division yesterday heard their commander, Maj. Gen. H. P. McCain, give them a message that came straight from his heart. It was really his farewell to the division as a whole, for in its present condition there is little likelihood of the unit ever getting together again. It took them two hours to get into this natural amphitheatre, but they made a picture when they did get there, and a picture of them was taken.

From the bottom of the bowl, looking up, were to be seen several stationary horsemen, silhouetted against the sky. As the last unit took its place the sun broke through a bank of clouds, and old Glory and the regimental standards, also on the hilltops, spread their silken folds in a blaze of splendor over the massed men below. Bands crashed into music, Colonel Parsons before his regiment and 20,000 men sent music echoing and ringing and reaching through the bleak, bare hills.

Cheers Gen. McCain

They sang and cheered and sang again, regiment vying with regiment. Then they were called to attention. Their general was to speak for them. When his feelings were they began to quiver, for the silence of the grave descended upon that hollow.

They would never again be gathered together thus. It was speaking to the division he had trained and cared for and loved, for the last time. He just talked to his boys, and when he had finished their hearts were pretty full, just as his must have been.

"This is probably the last time the division will be together for a number of months. You have performed your duties like Americans, like the real soldiers you are. But even now you should hold yourselves in readiness and not be caught unprepared. No one can say what important work you may be called upon to undertake before the task of America is finally completed."

"But whether you are asked to perform further service or whether you go to your homes I want you always to keep in your hearts the lessons you have learned in the army, to keep clean bodies, clean minds and never relinquish your high sense of loyalty to our government."

That was about all, and when he stopped speaking a cheer went up that fairly rocked the countryside. Hats went into the air, thousands of them. Those who saw it will never forget it. It was a tribute to a great commander of a great division.

Holiday in Camp Today

The first men of the Depot Brigade were discharged yesterday, when 392 were sent home. The first Depot Brigade man to go was Oakley Ames of Haverhill. Timothy Hurley was the first Boston man. By Friday night 10,000 men will have been discharged from camp. Every man is being sent home with his old job waiting for him or else a new one to get on. About 500 jobs a day are accepted by discharged men at the camp employment office.

But as fast as these men are being sent out, more New England men are due to come in. Tonight 400 negroes are due from Camp Dix. They will be discharged as fast as possible. From Fort Monroe, Va., are coming 1000 New England white men.

Lumbermen to Be Discharged

Two thousand men who have been working in the timber mills will be discharged in the next several hundred already having arrived. And Monday the first of some 3000 United States guards are due.

It also is expected that New England troops from overseas will reach Devens before long, including the remainder of the 78th division, reported to have sailed from France.

The first officers will be discharged Thursday at the latest. Today 1224 men were discharged, and 1611 will follow them Thursday. Every night the men who are going on the next day are given a farewell. Bands play, they sing and Capt. Francis D. Harrigan of Dorchester talks to them. It is part of the morale program which is being directed by Capt. Ernest J. Hall.

Marie Dressler called on Gen. McCain yesterday and last night the general, his staff and their friends, about 65 in all, attended the Liberty theatre where Miss Dressler and her company entertained the soldiers.

Mystery surrounds the death of Private William P. Gidley, of Co. 42d Infantry. His home is at 1713 Doyle av., Providence. He was found dead early this morning on the concrete floor of the shower bath at the rear of the barracks. He had appeared in perfect health and there were no marks on his body to indicate the cause of his death. He was 22 years old and single. An investigation is on and an autopsy was performed at the Base hospital yesterday.

Alleged Spy Testifies

"When I was arrested I was intimidated into saying many things that were not so. The captain who testified threw his arms around and said: 'You know you were a spy; you know your father was German.' I never said I'd like to ditch the government. I simply wanted to get out of the army and get away from these people because of my dependents and my past record."

The trial of Presley H. Stringfellow ended yesterday afternoon when he took the stand in his own behalf and made the above declaration as part of an answer statement. Witness had been called by the defense to show how unnecessary it was for Stringfellow to go to all the trouble and risk of tapping a wire simply to get what was going over it. It was shown that he could have secured the messages simply by sitting within hearing of the saunter in the telegraph office, which ticked off all the messages.

Shortly after he came to Camp Devens, Stringfellow said, he found that his previous criminal record had been entered on his service record here. He had had trouble, but for his sins he had paid the full penalty and he understood that the record of his past misdeeds would affect his progress in the army.

Wanted to Get Out of Army

It was because of this and two dependents, a sister and a little child, that he wanted to get out of the service. He said he had gone to his company commander, laid bare his past and asked for help in getting his release, but that it didn't appear to him that much was being done about it. Then, said Stringfellow, a man who called himself Douglas was introduced to him. After his arrest he found that "Douglas" was Private Thomas P. Devine of the Military Police and an agent of the military intelligence office.

"Douglas" was supposed to be under arrest, but he told Stringfellow that a lawyer was working to have him discharged. The next time he saw "Douglas" the man was in civilian clothes; the boasted discharge having supposedly been effected. "Douglas" introduced Stringfellow to the "lawyer," who was really M. P. Jacobson of the department of justice. As a fee for getting him discharged, Stringfellow said, the lawyer wanted information rather than money.

Information Harbored

Discontented and unhappy, Stringfellow promised information and then set out to furnish what he claimed would appear to be of value to the "lawyer." But what in reality would harm no one.

"Code books" he furnished he got from the library in camp, he said, where any one who cared to might read them. The instruments and wire with which the tap was made were furnished by Jacobson.

"Stringfellow said he did not tap the headquarters wire, and even if he had, the kind of a tap he made would be valueless.

In conclusion Stringfellow said that his name was an old one in Virginia, that his grandfather had fought in the Civil war and that he intended to do and did nothing that would hurt the government.

The prosecution asked for a verdict of guilty on the law and the evidence offered. Court was cleared and the court-martial board, composed of high senior officers, with Brig. Gen. J. E. Woodward presiding, went into secret session.

The verdict will be made public after it has gone through the regular channels.

many of the alleged champs a battle.

Upon retiring from the ring Flaherty always interested in the game and the advantage of being in condition, opened a physical culture school, and he has trained and conditioned many prominent men. He made a careful study of anatomy and this fact makes him a very valuable man in the position he now fills with the local club.

Cardio to Assist Flaherty

His long and honorable connection with the ring game is a sufficient asset for the big promoters, most of whom are personal friends of Flaherty, to send their best men to Lowell. Already he has received communications from several of the famous New York promoters.

Mr. Flaherty has appointed Charlie Cardin of Boston assistant matchmaker, and the latter well known promoter will look after the Boston business of the club. Cardin has had considerable experience at the game, has managed several talented performers, and should prove a great help to Mr. Flaherty and the members of the Crescent A.A.

Coogan and Hartley Meet

The first card arranged by Mr. Flaherty, which will be shown tomorrow night, looks like one of the best ever announced for this city. Mel Coogan, who arrived in Boston this morning from his home at Newport, R. I., will meet Pete Hartley of New York in the main bout. Frank Mullins of Lowell will tackle Ed Francis of Lawrence in the semi-main bout, and Happy Conley and Joe Armstrong, both of Lowell, will meet for the local bantamweight title, and Johnny Boyle and Jack Williams will entertain in another side-round bout.

New Referees

Mattie Carney will referee the preliminary bouts tomorrow night, while Pat Downey of New Bedford will officiate in the main bout.

JOHN BRADY, Tel. 975-W

PLATO

Scientific Astrologer

Send time and birth date for reliable future test. Box 102, Buffalo, N. Y.

Notice!

I have received another consignment of Camel coat. This coat requires no requisition and will give satisfaction in furnace, boiler or heating stove. Price \$11.50 per ton. Buying in large quantities I have been able to secure a large amount of good hard wood which I can deliver, sawed, for \$14.50 per cord, \$12.00 a cord full length.

Lowell Wins Fast Game

parent Defeat Into Great Victory—Score 10 to 8

The Lowell Polo team turned apparent defeat into glorious victory when it came from behind in the final few minutes of the second period of last night's game with Providence and in a garrison finish went over the top by the score of 10 to 8.

The uncertainty of the game was proven to the complete satisfaction of a big crowd of fans that looked on and vigorously applauded as the Lowell men, playing desperately, gradually overcame a formidable lead and went out in front and on to victory.

At one point the Providence team had Lowell 7 to 3, and few in the hall thought Lowell had a chance. But the famous Harkins-Griffith combination got busy in the second session and by turning in a dazzling exhibition that brought the fans to their feet on many occasions, the invaders were finally routed and once the home boys got the lead they held on to it.

Capt. Harkins was easily the star of the night, and in addition to driving in five goals himself, was instrumental in the scoring of most of the others. He had a great eye for the cage and his passes to Mulligan and Griffith were like Christmas presents. Mulligan and Griffith showed their appreciation for the "capt's" generosity and between them scored five goals.

The Providence players were in fine form. Williams and Thompson proving a great scoring combination. "Tommy" kicked five into the draperies, while "Red" scored four. Providence lost one point, however, as a result of fouls, making the final count 10 to 8.

In the early stages of the game the visitors put it all over the locals, their speed seemingly bewildering our boys. They bombarded Purcell's skins from all angles, and were shooting them in like a machine gun. But as the game wore on the Lowell men came into their own, turned the tide and put over a well-earned victory.

The score:

LOWELL: PROVISIONCE

Mulligan 1r Williams 1r

Harkins 2r Thompson 2r

Griffith 2r Mulligan 2r

Asquith 1r Doherty 1r

Purcell 1r Lovgren 1r

Won by: (First Period) Time

Lowell 15 Mulligan 15

Providence 15 Thompson 15

Williams 15 Harkins 15

Griffith 15 Mulligan 15

Asquith 15 Doherty 15

Purcell 15 Lovgren 15

Providence 15 Williams 15

Griffith 15 Thompson 15

Lowell 15 Mulligan 15

Williams 15 Harkins 15

Griffith 15 Mulligan 15

Asquith 15 Doherty 15

Purcell 15 Lovgren 15

Providence 15 Williams 15

Griffith 15 Thompson 15

Lowell 15 Mulligan 15

Williams 15 Harkins 15

Griffith 15 Mulligan 15

Asquith 15 Doherty 15

Purcell 15 Lovgren 15

Providence 15 Williams 15

Griffith 15 Thompson 15

Lowell 15 Mulligan 15

Williams 15 Harkins 15

Griffith 15 Mulligan 15

Asquith 15 Doherty 15

Purcell 15 Lovgren 15

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Griffith 15 Thompson 15

Lowell 15 Mulligan 15

Williams 15 Harkins 15

Griffith 15 Mulligan 15

Asquith 15 Doherty 15

Purcell 15 Lovgren 15

Providence 15 Williams 15

Griffith 15 Thompson 15

Lowell 15 Mulligan 15

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Griffith 15 Thompson 15

Lowell 15 Mulligan 15

Williams 15 Harkins 15

Griffith 15 Mulligan 15

Asquith 15 Doherty 15

Purcell 15 Lovgren 15

Providence 15 Williams 15

Griffith 1

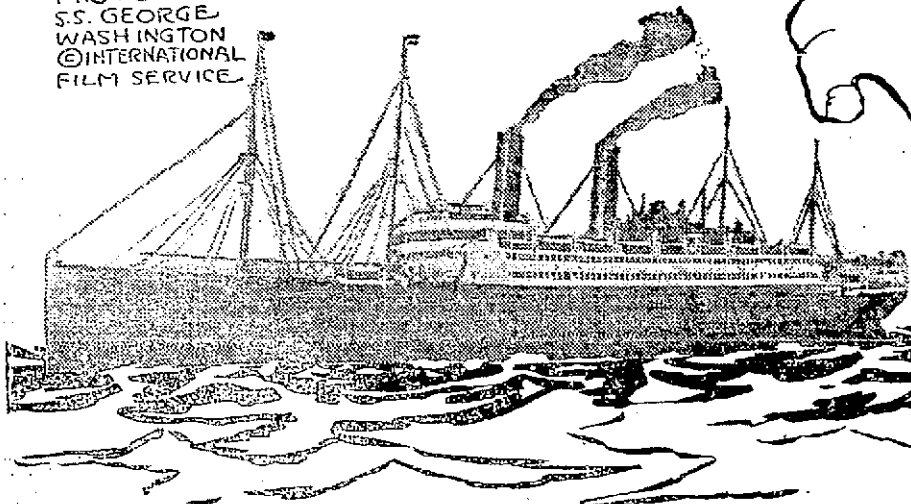


THIS IS FRANCE'S MESSAGE TO AMERICA AS PRESIDENT WILSON SAILS WITH OUR MESSAGE TO FRANCE:

"Written in the blood of their sons on reconquered French soil, the name of the United States will be more than ever, and till the end of time, cherished in France."

Jusserand

PHOTO OF
S.S. GEORGE
WASHINGTON
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WHAT IS AMERICA?

WILSON WILL TELL THEM

Two lifetimes ago—only one hundred and fifty-two years—old Benjamin Franklin was hauled before the House of Commons in England and asked a flood of questions by English statesmen, who were trying to find out what kind of a country North America really was. They knew very little about the place.

"What do you suppose is the reason that the people of America increase faster than those in England?" asked one statesman.

"Because they marry younger and more generally," answered the old man in rough homespun clothes. "And young couples that are industrious may obtain land."

"How many white men do you suppose there are in America?"

"About 300,000, from 16 to 60 years."

"What used to be the pride of America?" asked some law-maker, who evidently was against the heavy taxation being imposed on the colonies.

"To indulge in the fashions and manufactures of Great Britain," answered old Franklin.

"What is now their pride?" asked this same friend of the colonists.

"To wear their old clothes," answered Franklin, standing in his rude homespun suit before the nobles of England, "over and over again, until they can make new ones."

"What is the number of men in America able to bear arms?"

This was a pertinent question, because, though the Revolution of 1776 was still ten years distant, there was talk of the colonists fighting against taxation.

The record of Franklin's answer stands today on the books of Parliament thus:

"There are, I suppose, at least"—(Question objected to. He withdrew.)

All over the world, as Franklin talked, there were ears strained to catch Franklin's note of freedom.

LaFayette, from France, was watching the colonies, hoping that the day might come when, in that faraway, wild land, there might be established just one tiny center point of human liberty. Von Steuben, from Germany, was watching and listening to America. Kosciuszko and Rochambeau had their eager eyes and hopes fixed on the new land.

These men and others knew that if only once, somewhere in the world, the rule of autocracy could be overthrown and men could be freed, that free spot on this planet would become a growing poison spot for the principle of the divine right of kings.

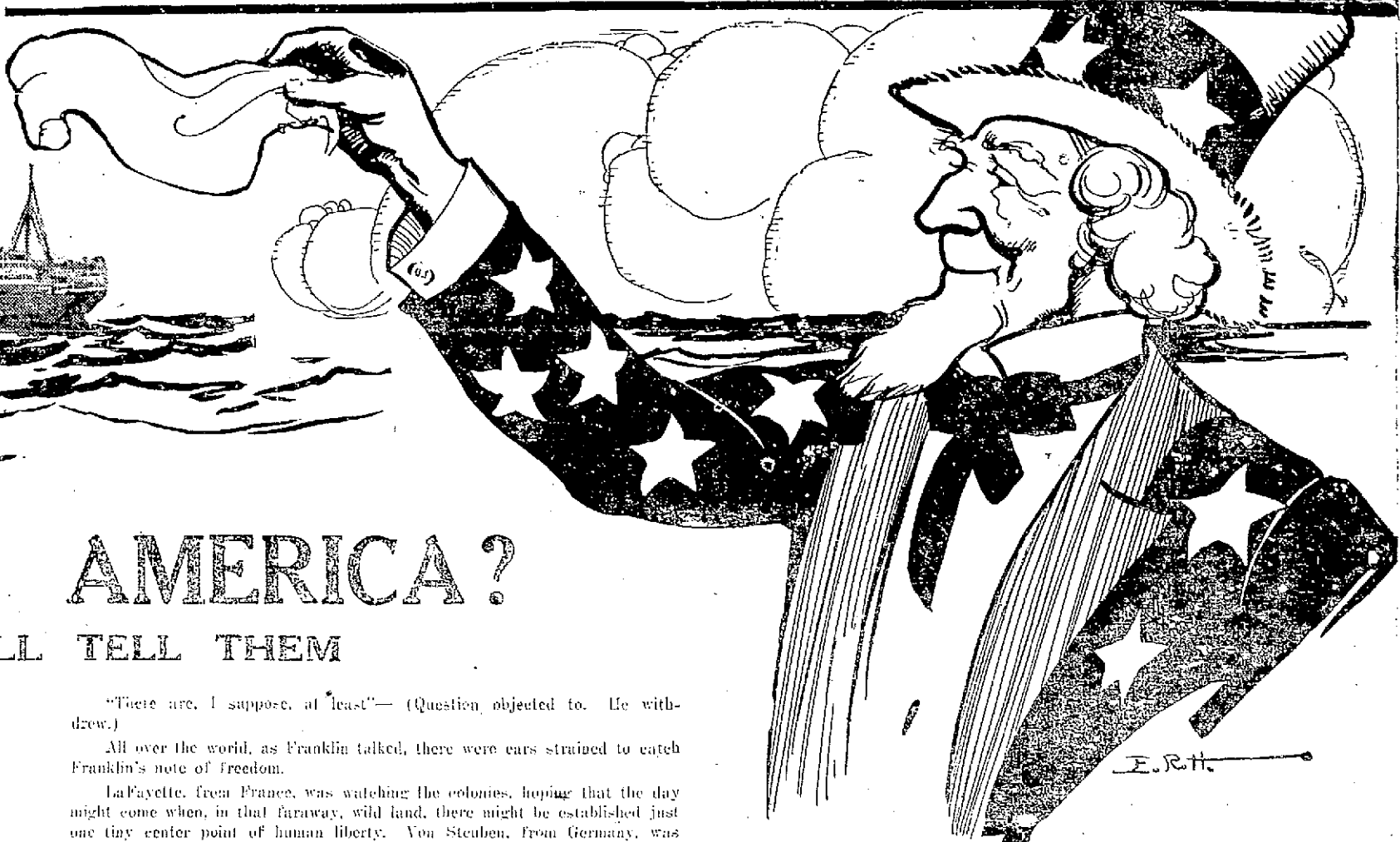
Before he left the White House for Europe President Wilson might have stepped out on his front porch and looked across Pennsylvania avenue toward four statues: the figures of LaFayette, Rochambeau, von Steuben and Kosciuszko.

They were right, these four men, in watching Franklin as he stood bravely before that British Parliament: they were right in staking their all in the effort to make just one free spot on this earth.

Today that freedom has poisoned autocracy to death.

Today a president of the United States has gone to Europe to finish the questions that old Ben Franklin could not answer. Franklin could only tell of America's spirit and of his hopes for her greatness.

Wilson will show what America has become.



THE PRESIDENT SAILS!

to an unfrequented place from which an unshaded window in the castle was visible. Pointing to the window, the gentleman said:

"The former emperor sits at that window writing as though against time, hour and hour, sheet after sheet, often all the forenoon and all the afternoon."

LOWELL BOY ON SHIP WITH PRESIDENT

William Ryan, son of Mrs. Celia

Ryan, of 500 Middlesex street, was aboard the George Washington when it sailed for France today, carrying President Wilson and other delegates to the peace conference. Ryan is a first class fireman aboard the vessel. He has already made half a dozen trips overseas, having enlisted in the naval service shortly after the outbreak of war. He has been twice promoted. Ryan was formerly manager of the Highland Daylight bowling alleys in Middlesex street and is popularly known among his friends as "Casey."

AMERICA WELL PREPARED

23 Experts Who Have Made Year's Study of Conditions Sail With President

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Striking evidence of the preparedness of the American government to enter into peace negotiations was given here last night in an announcement that 23 members of an advisory commission of experts, who have made a year's study of political and economic conditions in Europe and Asia, will sail with President Wilson and his fellow delegates on the George Washington.

Tons of Documents

With them will go several tons of documents and maps, which, together with other records of their investigations already in Paris or on the way, comprise a collection of international data said to be without parallel in history. These advisors to the peace commission who have conducted an exhaustive inquiry into foreign affairs by authority of the president and under the direction of Col. E. M. House, American civilian member of the inter-allied supreme war council and a

delegate to the peace conference, include experts in international law, college professors rated as specialists in the history and politics of various nations and officers of the military intelligence division of the army. Using the building of the American geographical society here, they have accumulated, through studies which began in November, 1917, voluminous records, which, because of their great value, have been guarded day and night.

In fact, details of their investigation which is known officially as "the inquiry" have been withheld from publication until its results were safe on shipboard. Except for occasional publication of the fact that peace data was being assembled by a commission directed by Col. House and that information from this source enabled him, as a member of the international conference which drafted the German armistice terms, to amaze his associates with his intimate knowledge of European affairs, the American people have been ignorant of the activities of an official organization without precedent in the nation's history. More than the persons comprised the personnel of the inquiry, which was financed out of the special emergency war fund placed by congress at the president's disposal, according to an announcement made by the geographical society. The state and war departments co-operated and both will

share in future possession of the data brought together.

The investigation, it was stated, took the form of "a fact study," conducted in a scientific spirit by specialists and scholars, from American and from various European countries affected by the war and "in order to give high value to any statement of fact, the inquiry has been entirely independent of any political hypothesis."

During its progress, the announcement said, every important nationality of Europe and western Asia sent representatives here for conference with the commission, and numerous secret documents, together with the texts of treaties signed during the war which never have been published in full, were assembled. In its final stages the inquiry was centered on territorial matters, and the members going abroad with the president, with the exception of representatives of the state department, are territorial specialists. Part of the staff in international law including David H. Miller, chairman of the law committee of the state department, already are in Europe, it was stated.

ARRIVES AT HOBOKEN

President Wilson's Special Train Reached Port at 7.30 This Morning

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—President Wilson's special train arrived at Hoboken at 7.30 a. m., today.

Long before President Wilson's special train arrived from Washington, there was unusual activity about the dock at Hoboken where the transport George Washington was moored. Workmen were busy throughout the night putting on the finishing touches on the liner and completing the elaborate decorations of the pier.

ROYAL ARCANUM LOWELL COUNCIL NO. 8

TOMORROW NIGHT
Important Meeting at 7.45 P. M.

Election of Officers and Other Matters to Come Up for Action.

All members interested in the welfare of the Council are requested to attend. Light refreshments will be served.

JOHN S. JACKSON CHAS. W. BELLE
Secretary Regent

All Night Vigil

The usual barred zone was widely extended and only those armed with special passes were allowed to approach the streets leading to the dock. Military police kept an all-night vigil over the route from the railroad station to the pier, while hundreds of agents of the secret service and of the army and navy intelligence services watched the side streets and kept inquisitive persons on the move. War vessels kept a ceaseless patrol of the waters near the transport, while at dawn, army airplanes circled over the vicinity and kept watch from the air. Perhaps never before have such elaborate plans been mapped out to guard the president.

Pier Gaily Decorated

The long pier was gaily decorated with thousands of flags and bunting. A canopy, consisting of a mass of American flags and emblems of the allies, extended over the gangplank.

Stewards and their assistants worked well into the night completing their arrangements for the comfort of the party. Phonographs were installed in the gentlemen's smoking room, and the ladies' lounging room, the records ranging all the way from grand opera selections, to popular war songs and jazz band music. Half a dozen card tables were nailed to the floor of the smoking room, while the library was replenished with historical and scientific books.

Two Bands on Line

The gymnasium was refurnished with punching bags, rowing machines,

"heroes" and other athletic equipment. Two brass bands made the trip—the Kensington (Kansas) band, and the Sailors' Great Lakes station band. These organizations having been selected from among a score that offered their services.

Paintings of George and Martha Washington occupied the space in the saloon formerly taken up by a large painting of the German emperor.

HAS TERROR IN HIS HEART

William Hohenzollern Has a Dejected Appearance, Says Correspondent

LONDON, Dec. 4.—William Hohenzollern has a dejected appearance, according to the Telegraph's correspondent at Amerongen, Holland, who says that he has talked with "someone who has come much in contact with the exile." This person is quoted as follows:

"The former emperor wore an air of relief when he arrived at Amerongen, but that soon vanished. Even his cheery wife cannot now rouse him from moodiness. The former empress is really something of a heroine and tries to make her husband look on the bright side of things, but in vain.

"The distinguished fugitive has terror in his heart."

Herr Hohenzollern keeps more and more to himself and is constantly less inclined to go about. The correspondent says that his informant took him



An Appropriate Gift

The Electric Curling Iron is a gift that is always welcome and is sure to be appreciated. When once used it always retains its popularity.

BECAUSE

It is clean, convenient and absolutely safe. Attaches to any lamp socket. The heat is always just right and always the same. It saves time because it keeps hot while in use and need not be wiped off every time it is applied to the hair. No soot, no flame, no smoke.

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FREEDOM

Yes, but that does not mean being free to attack those elected to office, trying to undermine the power lawfully theirs for the time being. Politicians and the "outs" need to learn discipline. They should carefully train themselves to be good losers, good sports and to play fair.

Criticism that is abusive, that picks on individuals, that gives vent to its prejudices, with the object of undermining the good will to which the office, and the government is entitled, is cowardly and contemptible.

Free discussion and constructive criticism is hard to control. Nevertheless, there are bounds beyond which good taste, fairness and self-discipline should train us not to go.

Offensive, ill-natured, obstructive, partisan opposition is out of place. Such freedom of action is not sportsmanlike nor manly, in the best sense of the word.

We have much to learn yet. Decent consideration and fairness, mental control, discipline and training are the urgent needs.

NEW FURNITURE AND TOYS

MANY GROCERIES

AT PUBLIC AUCTION SALE

OUTLET AUCTION ROOMS, 512 CENTRAL ST.

More than a CARLOAD OF UNCLAIMED GOODS now at our BIG SALESHOON. You will find many articles at this sale that will make fine Xmas presents; several beautiful parlor sets, chairs of all kinds, a very large assortment of extra fine furniture; a big lot of children's Xmas goods shall be at this sale.

Over 20 lots of children's small carts and carriages; each lot is crated and contains about two dozen each, 2000 feet of white moulting; several hundred pounds of peas; several hundred cans of red beans; lot of poultry food and other goods. OUR ROOMS OPEN FROM 1 TO 5 UNTIL DAY OF SALE.